United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd.

Un-audited Consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 September 2020

### United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd. Consolidated statement of financial position

9 <del></del>		30 Septen	nber 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Assets			*		
Property, plant and equipment	5	42,329,607,125	7,941,493,024	19,097,479,899	8,021,031,738
Capital Work In Progress (CWIP)	6	1,650,077,071		1,615,721,811	
Right of use assets	7	218,711,304	24,381,490	224,133,730	24,747,212
Investment in subsidiary	8		5,317,935,192	-	3,297,000
Non-current assets		44,198,395,500	13,283,809,706	20,937,335,440	8,049,075,950
Inventories	9	2,358,539,683	698,378,169	1,331,234,455	734,840,489
Trade and other receivables	10	9,869,594,833	1,287,775,648	2,726,449,063	1,407,646,707
Receivable from related party	11	12,880,191,186	6,955,728,666	10,417,707,665	5,176,876,020
Advances, deposits and prepayments	12	195,547,873	67,018,260	139,556,570	71,814,584
Investment in marketable securities	13	112,176,482	112,176,482	92,817,221	92,817,221
Advance income tax	14	16,324,478		15,459,522	-
Cash and cash equivalents	15	317,453,729	61,398,464	417,010,048	323,879,180
Current assets	70-50	25,749,828,265	9,182,475,689	15,140,234,544	7,807,874,201
Total assets		69,948,223,765	22,466,285,395	36,077,569,984	15,856,950,151
F					
Equity Share capital	16	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000
Share premium	10 17	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000
Revaluation reserve	18	Seat the state of the first of the state of	2,046,000,000		2,046,000,000
	10 19	57,291,285	0 500 000 004	57,459,283	0.005.000.070
Retained earnings		24,859,320,321	9,566,966,684	21,933,085,610	8,305,986,678
Equity attributable to the owners of the Co	mpany 20	32,232,568,606 653,966,926	16,882,923,684	29,306,501,893 544,709,204	15,621,943,678
Non-controlling interests  Total equity	20	32,886,535,532	16,882,923,684	29,851,211,097	15 621 042 679
Total equity		32,666,535,532	10,002,923,004	29,651,211,097	15,621,943,678
Liabilities					
Borrowings	21	12,777,329,068	# manage of the person	4,081,869,702	
Security money received	22	700,000	700,000	700,000	700,000
Land lease Liability	23	24,912,609	24,912,609	24,449,893	24,449,893
Non-current liabilities		12,802,941,677	25,612,609	4,107,019,595	25,149,893
Deferred revenue	24	263,191,682		263,191,682	
Trade and other payables	25	10,240,003,515	5,508,046,847	266,775,089	156,313,540
Accrued expenses	26	233,406,220	19,231,847	25,688,770	18,988,856
Borrowings	21	5,413,107,938		782,948,179	
Land lease Liability	23	221,511	221,511	905,739	905,739
Payable to related party	27	8,078,817,385	30,248,897	750,470,660	33,648,445
Current Tax liability	28	29,998,306	-	29,359,173	-
Current liabilities		24,258,746,556	5,557,749,102	2,119,339,292	209,856,580
Total liabilities		37,061,688,233	5,583,361,711	6,226,358,887	235,006,473
Total equity and liabilities		69,948,223,765	22,466,285,395	36,077,569,984	15,856,950,151

The annexed notes 1 to 56 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Company Secretary & CFO

Director

Managing Director

### United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd. Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

				For the First Qua	arter (Q1) ended
	-	30 September	2020	30 Septem	ber 2019
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
W1.01				0 705 044 405	4 004 007 000
Revenue	29	9,224,771,503	1,703,730,799	2,765,041,135	1,681,207,898
Cost of sales	30	(6,095,053,060)	(590,891,996)	(1,127,240,324)	(598,283,581)
Gross profit		3,129,718,443	1,112,838,803	1,637,800,811	1,082,924,317
General and administrative expenses	31	(17,330,246)	(9,331,322)	(15,218,882)	(13,171,672)
Other income	32	41,565,441	41,553,471	3,655,580	3,637,310
Operating profit		3,153,953,638	1,145,060,952	1,626,237,509	1,073,389,955
Finance income	33	116,816,789	116,291,019	171,560,067	171,281,683
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	34	(75,517)	100	(16,053,602)	
Finance expense	35	(288,878,926)	(372,065)	(134,060,552)	
Profit before tax		2,981,815,984	1,260,980,006	1,647,683,422	1,244,671,638
Income tax expense	36	(174,765)	•	(103,829)	S-
Profit for the year		2,981,641,219	1,260,980,006	1,647,579,593	1,244,671,638
Other comprehensive income					
Total comprehensive income		2,981,641,219	1,260,980,006	1,647,579,593	1,244,671,638
Total comprehensive income attrib	utable to				
Owners of the Company	diable to	2,926,066,712	2	1,614,553,064	-
Non-controlling interests	20	55,574,508	-	33,026,529	Ħ
Total comprehensive income	20	2,981,641,220	_	1,647,579,593	-
Earnings per share (Basic)	37	5.55	2.39	3.06	2.36

The annexed notes 1 to 56 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Company Secretary & CFO

Director

Managing Director

United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd. Consolidated statement of changes in equity

		F	For the period ended 30 September 2020	30 September 202	50	
	Attr	ibutable to the ow	Attributable to the owners of the Company	γι		
				Revaluation	Minority	
In Taka	Share capital	Share capital Share premium Retained earnings	etained earnings	reserve	Interest	Total
Balance at 1 July 2020	5,269,957,000	2,046,000,000	21,933,085,610	57,459,283	544,709,204	29,851,211,097
Profit for the year		ī	2,926,066,712	1	55,574,508	2,981,641,220
Depreciation on revalued assets		•	167,998	(167,998)	•	
Minority interest added during theperiod		1	1	1	53,683,214	53,683,214
Balance at 30 September 2020	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000 2,046,000,000	24,859,320,320	57,291,285	653,966,926	32,886,535,532
Note	16	17	19	18	20	
		FC	For the period ended 30 September 2019	30 September 201	19	
	Attı	ributable to the ow	Attributable to the owners of the Company	χn		
				Revaluation	Minority	
In Taka	Share capital	Share capital Share premium Retained earnings	etained earnings	reserve	Interest	Total
Balance at 1 July 2019	4,790,870,000	2,046,000,000	22,704,577,678	58,131,275	488,158,794	30,087,737,747
Profit for the year	•	1	1,614,553,064	Ĭ	33,026,529	1,647,579,593
Minority interest added during the					1,000,000	1,000,000
Depreciation on revalued assets	•	1	167,998	(167,998)		
Dividend paid by subsidiary company	1	3	1	; <b>11</b>	(88,183,200)	(88,183,200)
Balance at 30 September 2019	4,790,870,000	2,046,000,000	24,319,298,740	57,963,277	434,002,123	31,648,134,140
Note	16	17	19	18	20	

The annexed notes 1 to 56 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Maria Musa Director

Company Secretary & CFO

Managing Director

Chairman

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### United Power Generation and Distribution Company Limited Statement of changes in equity

<del></del>		Foi	r the period ended 30	
	Share	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
In Taka	capital	Share premium		equity
Balance at 1 July 2020	5,269,957,000	2,046,000,000	8,305,986,678	15,621,943,678
Total comprehensive income				
Profit for the year	3.4		1,260,980,006	1,260,980,006
Other comprehensive income			-	
Total comprehensive income		-	1,260,980,006	1,260,980,006
Transactions with owners of the Company				
Contributions and distributions				
Issue of bonus shares		(80)		
Cash dividend paid		-		-
Total transactions with owners of the Company		<b>a</b> 1	(m)	-
Balance at 30 September 2020	5,269,957,000	2,046,000,000	9,566,966,684	16,882,923,684
Notes	16	17	19	
			For the year end	led 30 June 2019
	Share	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
In Taka	capital	Share premium	N=1	equity
Balance at 1 July 2019	4,790,870,000	2,046,000,000	10,664,437,759	17,501,307,759
Total comprehensive income				
Profit for the year	-		1,244,671,638	1,244,671,638
Other comprehensive income	-	N#		Y2
Total comprehensive income	-	in the second	1,244,671,638	1,244,671,638
Transactions with owners of the Company				
Contributions and distributions				
Issue of bonus shares		-		-
Oldividend maid				
Cash dividend paid				
Total transactions with owners of the Company	-		-	-
	4,790,870,000	2,046,000,000	11,909,109,397	18,745,979,397

The annexed notes 1 to 56 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ny Secretary & CFO

Director Nume

Managing Director

### United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd. Consolidated statement of cash flows

		For the First Qua	arter (Q1) ended	
	30 Septem	ber 2020	30 Septem	ber 2019
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	6,099,505,698	1,823,848,199	2,769,745,380	1,565,515,764
Cash received from other sources	22,204,553	21,666,813	5,070,291	4,773,637
Cash paid to suppliers and others	(3,651,710,965)	(433,364,061)	(728,799,136)	(485,550,788
Tax paid	(655,373)		(1,799,481)	-
Financial charges paid	(286,130,933)	(372,065)	(134,060,552)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,183,212,980	1,411,778,887	1,910,156,502	1,084,738,613
255 AFE N.2 AND 600 DEC 70001 SW0				
Cash flows from investing activities	(=0 = 10 000)		(400 700 050)	(4.050.404
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(72,740,826)	(11,386,918)	(186,796,952)	(4,850,404
Cash received/(paid) for related party loan	1,399,006,029	(1,662,561,626)	209,517,340	(1,060,013,178
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	1,326,265,203	(1,673,948,544)	22,720,388	(1,064,863,582
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividend paid	(1,387,783,825)	(89,546)	(46,425)	(46,425
Land lease payment	(221,511)	(221,511)	E)	
Cash paid for related party loan	(2,069,477,643)	(t	-	
Short term loan received/(paid)	(99,043,459)			
Long term loan received/(paid)	(221,499,553)	-	(3,900,829,339)	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	(3,778,025,991)	(311,057)	(3,900,875,763)	(46,425
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(268,547,808)	(262,480,716)	(1,967,998,873)	19,828,600
Opening cash and cash equivalents	586,001,537	323,879,180	3,322,180,442	1,009,871,492
Effect of movements in exchange rates on cash held			=	
Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June	317,453,729	61,398,464	1,354,181,569	1,029,700,09

The annexed notes 1 to 56 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Company Secretary & CFO

Mand Mny

Director

Managing Director

Chairman

### 1 Reporting entity

### 1.1 Company profile

United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd. (UPGDCL) (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), a public limited company, was incorporated in Bangladesh on 15 January 2007 under the Companies Act (#18) 1994 under registration no. C-65291(2783)/07 with its corporate office at Gulshan Center Point, Road No. 90-91, House No. 23-26, Gulshan-2, Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh. The Company was initially registered as a private limited company, formerly known as Malancha Holdings Ltd. (MHL) and subsequently converted into a public limited company on 22 December 2010.

The Company is listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited (DSE) and Chattogram Stock Exchange Limited (CSE).

### 1.2 Investment in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the period ended 30 June 2020 comprise the financial statements of the Company and those of its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group").

### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it has power over the entity and is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary companies are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. The following are the subsidiaries controlled by the Company:

### 1.2.1 United Energy Ltd.

United Energy Ltd. (UEL), (formerly Shajahanullah Power Generation Company Limited) is a public limited company incorporated in Bangladesh. The authorised capital of UEL is Tk. 100,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each. UEL developed a power plant of 28 MW capacity at Sylhet in order to produce and supply electricity. The plant came into commercial operational on 21 October 2013.

UEL also acquired a power plant of 53 MW capacity through amalgamation with United Ashuganj Power Limited (UAPL) from 1 July 2016 in order to produce and supply electricity.

On 22 June 2019, the Contract for Supply of Electricity on Rental Basis between Bangladesh Power Development Board (BPDB) and United Energy Ltd relating to its 53 MW plant expired. Prior to the expiry, on 4 August 2018 the Company filed an application with BPDB for a 5 year extension of the contract.

Negotiations for extension of the contract with BPDB are under process and management believes that BPDB will agree to the extension. No electricity is being demanded from the plant by BPDB in the meantime. Necessary market disclosures in this regard were given by the Company on 23 June 2019.

### 1.2.2 United Ashuganj Energy Ltd.

United Ashuganj Energy Ltd. (UAEL) was incorporated in Bangladesh as a private company limited by shares under Companies Act (Act XVIII) 1994 on 30 January 2013. The authorised share capital of UAEL is Tk. 5,000,000,000 only divided into 500,000,000 ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each.

The principal activity of UAEL is power generation and sale of such power to Bangladesh Power Development Board (BPDB). UAEL is a gas fired power plant with a capacity of 195 MW (net) located at Ashuganj, Brahmanbaria which started its commercial operation on 8 May 2015.

### 1.2.3 Leviathan Global BD Ltd.

Leviathan Global BD Ltd. (LGBDL) is a public limited company, was incorporated in Bangladesh on 23 May 2018 under the Companies Act (#18) 1994 under registration no. C-145026/2018. The authorised share capital of LGBDL is Tk. 1,000,000,000 only divided into 100,000,000 ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each.

Leviathan Global BD Ltd. is a 50 MW IPP gas-fired power plant having a contract period of 30 years (extendable for further 30 years), built under joint venture with Leviathan Global Corporation, USA and United Enter Prises & Co. (UECL) respectively. The plant is located at Karnaphuli Export Processing Zone (KEPZ) in chattogram and will be operated under an agreement with Bangladesh Export Processing Zone Authority (BEPZA).

### 1.2.4 United Anwara power Limited

United Anwara Power Limited incorporated in Bangladesh as private limited company under the companies Act (#18) 1994 vide registration no-.C-130232/2016 on 12 April 2016 having its corporate office at Gulshan Centre Point, Road # 90-91, House#23-26, Gulshan-2, Dhaka. The company shall develop a power plant of capacity of 300 MW at Anwara, Chittagong in order to produce and supply electricity under an agreement with Bangladesh Power Development Board (BPDB). The authorised share capital of the Company is Tk. 10,000,000,000 (Taka One thousand crore ) only divided into 1,000,000,000 (One hundred crore) only ordinary shares of Tk. 10 (Ten) each.

The power plant consist of Wartsila engine generators, Exhaust Gas Boilers from Al-borg and steam Turbines from GE Triveni with 15 years minimum useful life, which form the major equipment for power generation. The power plant came into commercial operation on 22 June 2019 with capacity of 300 MW (net). This HFO based generating set has its own auxiliaries, exhaust Gas silencers and electrical, mechanical & civil construction and erection. The power plant has Fourteen (14) integrated systems named fuel, lubrication oil, compressed air, cooling, charge air, exhaust, water treatment, fire protection, emission control, automation, electrical, station service, DC and high voltage systems. There are seventeen (17) engine generator sets with capacity of 17.06 MW each i.e. total 300 MW capacity (net) including the capacity of Turbines.

### 1.2.4 United Jamalpur power Limited

United Jamalpur Power Ltd. (UJPL) (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), a private limited company, was incorporated in Bangladesh on 20 September 2017 under the Companies Act (#18) 1994 under registration no. C-139126/2017 with its corporate office at Gulshan Center Point, Road No. 90-91, House No. 23-26, Gulshan-2, Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh. The authorized share capital of the Company is Tk. 1,000,000,000 (One Hundred crore) only divided into 100,000,000 (Ten Crore) ordinary shares of Tk. 10 (Tk. ten) each.

The power plant consists of Wartsila engine generators with 20 years expected useful life, which form the major part of the power generation. The power plant came into commercial operation on 21 February 2019 with capacity of 115 MW. This HFO based generating sets consist of auxiliaries, exhaust silencer and electrical, mechanical & civil construction and erection. The power plant has Fourteen (14) integrated systems named fuel, lubrication oil, compressed air, cooling, charge air, exhaust, water treatment, fire protection, emission control, automation, electrical, station service, DC and high voltage systems. The company installed 12 Nos Wartsila engine @ 9.78MW each, 12 Nos Heat Recovery Steam Generators and 1 Steam Turbine of Capacity 6.5 MW.

Details of holding structure in subsidiaries are described in Note 54A.

### 1.3 Nature of the business

The principal activity of the Company is to generate electricity by gas fired power plants, at Dhaka Export Processing Zone (DEPZ) with 86 MW capacity and Chattogram Export Processing Zone (CEPZ) with 72 MW capacity and to sell electricity to the export processing industries located inside DEPZ and CEPZ with the provision of selling surplus power outside the Export Processing Zones (EPZs) after fulfilling their requirement. The Company is also supplying electricity to Dhaka PBS-1 of Bangladesh Rural Electrification Board (BREB), Bangladesh Power Development Board (BPDB), Karnaphuli Export Processing Zone (KEPZ) and other private sector companies.

### 1.4 Power plant

The natural gas fired power plants of Dhaka EPZ and Chattogram EPZ consist of Wartsila, Rolls Royce and MTU engine generators with 30 years expected useful life, which forms the major part of the power generation companies.

DEPZ power plant came into commercial operation on 26 December 2008 with a capacity of 41 MW at DEPZ premises. In 2013, the Company increased its capacity from 41 MW to 86 MW and installed 2 heat recovery boilers to produce 8 ton/h of steam for sale to other customers. At DEPZ, there are four gas fired engines with a capacity of 8.73 MW each, five gas fired engines with a capacity of 9.34 MW each and two gas fired engines with a capacity of 2 MW each for generation of electricity.

CEPZ power plant came into commercial operation on 12 August 2009 with a capacity of 44 MW at CEPZ premises. In 2013, the Company increased its capacity from 44 MW to 72 MW and installed 3 heat recovery boilers to produce 12 ton/h of steam for sale to other customers. At CEPZ, there are five gas fired engines with a capacity of 8.73 MW each and three gas fired engines with a capacity of 9.34 MW each.

The principal activity of the Group is to generate and supply electricity. Operational details of the Group are as follows:

Name of entity	Location	Plant capacity (MW)	Commercial Operation Date (COD)	End of Contract year	
United Power Generation &	DEPZ	86	26 December 2008	2038	
Distribution Company Ltd.	CEPZ	72	12 August 2009	2039	
	Ashuganj	53	22 June 2011	Expired. Negotiation	
United Energy Ltd				in Progress.	
3,	Sylhet	28	21 October 2013	2043	
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd	Ashuganj	195	8 May 2015 2030		
Leviathan Global BD Ltd.	KEPZ	50	- 2048		
United Anwara Power Limited	Anwara	300	22-Jun-19	2034	
United Jamalpur Power Limited	Jamalpur	115	21-Feb-19 2034		

### 2 Basis of accounting

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The un-audited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations.

Details of the Group's accounting policies are included in Note 54.

### 2.2 Date of authorisation

The un-audited consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 October 2020.

### 2.3 Reporting period

The current financial period of the Group covers half year from 1 July 2020 to 30 September 2020.

### 3 Functional and presentation currency

These un-audited consolidated financial statements have been presented in Bangladeshi Taka (Taka/Tk/BDT), which is both the functional and presentation currency of the Group. All financial information presented in Taka have been rounded off to the nearest integer, unless otherwise indicated.

### 4 Use of estimates and judgments

In preparing these un-audited consolidated financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may vary from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

### 4.1 Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 30 June 2020 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is included in the following notes:

Note 5 and 54B

Property, plant and equipment

Note 9 and 54C

Inventories

Note 10 and 54D

Trade and other receivables

Note 28 and 54J

**Current Tax liability** 

Note 45, 47, and 54H

Contingent assets and Contingent liabilities

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data

The Group, on regular basis, reviews the inputs and valuation judgements used in measurement of fair value and recognises transfers between level of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred.

### 4.2 Changes in significant accounting policies

The following lists shows the recent changes to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS" or "standards") that are required to be applied by an entity with an annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2019:

- IFRS 16: Leases
- Interpretation made by the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Council (IFRIC) 23:
   Uncertainty over Tax Treatments
- Amendments to IFRS 9: Financial Instruments on prepayment features with negative compensation
- Amendments to IAS 28: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures on long-term interests in associates and joint ventures
- Amendments to IAS 19: Employee Benefits on plan amendment, curtailment or settlement
- Amendments to various standards based on the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017
   Cycle

The group initially adopted IFRS 16: *Leases* (hereafter "IFRS 16") on 1 July 2019. The other new and amended standards and the interpretation to a standard listed above do not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

The effects of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the group's financial statements are explained below:

### **IFRS 16**

IFRS 16 provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements for both lessors and lessees. IFRS 16 supersedes IAS 17: Leases, IFRIC 4: Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC 15: Operating Leases – Incentives, and SIC 27: Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease.

IFRS 16 introduced a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. It changed the accounting of leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, which were off balance sheet. Under IAS 17, operating leases were expensed on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, and assets and liabilities were recognised only to the extent that there was a timing difference between actual lease payments and the expense recognised. Under IFRS 16, a lessee recognises a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

There are recognition exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items (practical expedients). In contrast to lessee accounting, IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17; i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases.

### Impact on lessee accounting

The group has chosen to apply the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is not recognised in retained earnings at 1 July 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for the year ended on 30 June 2019 is not restated, i.e. it is presented as previously reported under IAS 17.

On initial application of IFRS 16, for all leases, except for those that the practical expedient was applied (see below), the Company has:

- Recognised right of use assets in the statement of financial position by reclassifying Prepaid lease rent;
- Recognised depreciation of right of use assets in the statement of profit or loss.

Under IFRS 16, the Group applied the practical expedient to grandfather the definition of a lease on transition. This means that:

- all contracts entered into before 1 July 2019 that were not identified as leases in accordance with IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed. Therefore, the definition of lease under IFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 July 2019;
- for any leases with unexpired lease term on initial application date of less than 12 months or any leases relating to low value items, the Company elected to use the short-term lease exemption; and
- the initial direct costs arising from the measurement of right-of-use asset at the date of initial application were excluded.
- The Group's right of use assets were measured by reclassifying prepaid lease rent.
- The impact of IFRS 16 on the statement of profit or loss was to replace the operating lease expenses (or rent expense) with a depreciation of right-of-use assets, with the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The financial impact of these changes on the results of the Company for the year compared to those of the prior year was not significant.
- IFRS 16 doesn't have any material impact on the statement of cash flows.

### Impact on lessor accounting

The Group leases out its power plant assets. The Group has classified these leases as operating leases. The Group is not required to make any adjustments on transition to IFRS 16 for leases in which it acts as a lessor. The Group is showing capacity revenue received from BPDB by straightlining the non-escalable portion, from 1 July 2019, over remaining PPA life.

The Group has applied IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers to allocate consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

See accounting policy in Note 54B

Reconciliation of carrying amount

Reconciliation of carrying amount								
			Building and					
	Plant and		civil	Land and	Office	Furniture		
Іп і ака	machinery	Gas line	construction	development	equipment	and fixture	Motor vehicle	Total
0,000 11.1	170							
Additions	401,717,004	482,305,512	751,030,070	279,952,125	16,133,177	12,059,402	95,518,715	28,298,216,004
Nicopoole/francford	197,634,750	1,410,533	1,753,625	1	888,397	153,956	i.	201,841,262
Balanco at 30 Inno 2020	(48,140,896)	·			1		906	(48,140,896)
Dalaince at 30 June 2020	26,810,710,859	483,716,045	752,783,695	279,952,125	17,021,574	12,213,358	95,518,715	28,451,916,370
Balance at 1 July 2020	26,810,710,859	483,716,045	752,783,695	279,952,125	17,021,574	12,213,358	95.518.715	28.451.916.370
Additions	21,933,596,341	677,480	1,804,977,804	41,976,954	8,358,665	3,235,547	86,457,078	23.879.279.870
Disposals/transfers		•	•	5 <b>1</b> 8	1	1.		
Balance at 30 September 2020	48,744,307,200	484,393,525	2,557,761,500	321,929,079	25,380,239	15,448,905	181,975,793	52,331,196,240
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance at 1 July 2019	7.539.060.188	122 052 068	225 564 093	117 GOT 077	13 660 111	E 07E 040	20 400 764	
Depreciation for the period	1 238 503 037	14 820 465	40 655 OF	112,120,111	13,000,144	810,078,0	32, 183, 784	8,056,132,554
Adjustment for disposal/transfers	(46,000,000,907)	14,023,403	40,000,000	8,387,678	909,499	1,210,834	9,126,646	1,314,602,019
Defending to disposal/flansiers	(16,236,100)	1	1	1	ā	•	•	(16,298,100)
Dalance at 30 June 2020	8,761,266,026	136,881,533	266,198,052	127,014,955	14,569,643	7,185,853	41,320,411	9,354,436,473
Balance at 1. Inly 2020	8 764 366 036	126 004 522	000 000	1	0	1	1	
Denreciation for the period	601,200,020	2 742 724	24,004,002	127,014,955	14,569,643	7,185,853	41,320,411	9,354,436,473
Adjustment for disposal/transfers	10,000,000	0,710,101	34,001,044	Z,346,92U	466,232	389,273	4,544,630	647,152,645
Balance at 30 Sentember 2020	. 010 010 0			,	1	•	•	•
Dalance at 00 Ochteniber 2020	9,362,956,040	140,595,264	300,199,896	129,361,875	15,035,875	7,575,127	45,865,041	10,001,589,117
Carrying amounts								
Balance at 30 June 2020	18,049,444,833	346,834,512	486,585,644	152,937,169	2.451.931	5 027 505	54 198 304	19 007 479 899
Balance at 30 September 2020	39,381,351,160	343,798,262	2,257,561,604	192,567,204	10,344,364	7.873.778	136.110.752	42.329.607.125
Allocation of denrociation								
Allocation of depreciation								
In Taka						Note	30 September	.30 June 2020
Cost of sales						30	641.853.751	326.816.174
General and administrative expenses						31	5,298,894	2,091,579
							647,152,645	328,907,753

5 Property, plant and equipment

	2000		
Control of the Contro	200000		-
	0	5	
	201101102		
	000	מטכיי	1

In Taka	Plant and machinery	Gas line	Office equipment	Furniture and fixture	Motor vehicle	Total
Cost						
Balance at 1 July 2019	10,421,132,793	352,876,102	11,284,359	3,079,220	62,493,836	10,850,866,310
Additions	140,094,317	1,410,533	299,171	23,703	1	141,827,724
Disposals/transfers	(48,140,896)	<b>31</b>	20		1	(48,140,896)
Balance at 30 June 2019	10,513,086,214	354,286,635	11,583,530	3,102,923	62,493,836	10,944,553,137
		100	,			
Balance at 1 July 2020	10,513,086,214	354,286,635	11,583,530	3,102,923	62,493,836	10,944,553,137
Additions	10,709,438	677,480				11,386,918
Disposals/transfers						
Balance at 30 September 2020	10,523,795,652	354,964,115	11,583,530	3,102,923	62,493,836	10,955,940,055
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at 1 July 2019	2,493,994,151	51,668,090	10,977,794	1,517,354	20,645,375	2,578,802,764
Depreciation for the year	347,669,024	7,066,926	154,030	302,597	5,824,158	361,016,735
Adjustment for disposals/transfers	(16,298,100)					(16,298,100)
Balance at 30 June 2020	2,825,365,075	58,735,016	11,131,824	1,819,952	26,469,533	2,923,521,399
Balance at 1 July 2020	2,825,365,075	58,735,016	11,131,824	1,819,952	26,469,533	2,923,521,399
Depreciation for the year	87,606,916	1,773,096	43,607	72,462	1,429,550	90,925,631
Adjustment for disposals/transfers	9		6			.1
Balance at 30 September 2020	2,912,971,991	60,508,112	11,175,431	1,892,414	27,899,083	3,014,447,031
Carrying amounts						
At 30 June 2019	7,687,721,139	295,551,619	451,706	1,282,971	36,024,303	8,021,031,738
At 30 June 2020	7,610,823,661	294,456,003	408,099	1,210,509	34,594,753	7,941,493,024

## a) Allocation of depreciation

In Taka	Note	0000	2 010
Tana a	NOTE	2020	2,013
Cost of sales	24.1	90,016,375	357,406,568
General and administrative expenses	26	909,256	3,610,167
		90 925 631	361 016 735

b) Basis of allocation 99% of total depreciation cost charged to cost of sales. Remaining 1% of total depreciation cost charged to the general and administrative expenses.

### 6 Capital Work In Progress (CWIP)

Control 1 Telephone in a description of the control of the Telephone in the control of the contr	30 Septemb	er 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Capital Machinery	1,580,310,758	9.5	1,555,743,277	
Gas Line	64,676,706		5,000,000	-
Building and Civil construction	89,607	n <sub>2</sub>	54,888,927	-
Furniture and Fixture	5,000,000		89,607	-
T difficulty differ in the second	1 650 077 071		1.615.721.811	

### 7 Right of use assets

See accounting policy in Note 54Q				
3	30 Septemb	er 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Cost				
Balance as at 01 July	225,596,620	26,210,102	OFF.	-
Recognition of right-of-use assets on initial			245,823,435	26,210,102
application of IFRS 16				
Addition			-	
Disposals		<b>2</b> 1	-	-
Balance at 30 June	225,596,620	26,210,102	245,823,435	26,210,102
A				
Accumulated depreciation	1,462,890	1,462,890	-	
Balance as at 01 July Amortisation for the year	5,422,426	365,722	21,689,705	1,462,890
Adjustment for disposal/transfers	-	-	-	.,,
Balance at 30 June	6,885,316	1,828,612	21,689,705	1,462,890
O-wales a superior				
Carrying amounts As At 30 June	218,711,304	24,381,490	224,133,730	24,747,212
AS AL JU JUILE	210,111,001	2.,531,100		

Amortisation on right of use asset has been charged to cost of sales.

A land lease agreement was signed between Ashuganj Power Station Company Ltd. (APSCL) and United Ashuganj

Energy Ltd. on 27 October 2013. The area of land is 6.48 acres and the value of the lease is Tk. 304,080,000.

### 8 Investment in subsidiary

	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
United Energy Ltd		297,000		297,000
Leviathon Global BD Ltd.		3,000,000	* <b>**</b> (5)	3,000,000
United Anwara power Limited	į.	3,334,877,715		
United Jamalpur power Limited	÷.	1,979,760,477		
		5,317,935,192	-	3,297,000

On 13 November 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to acquire 99% ordinary shares of United Energy Ltd (UEL) at face value with effect from 1 July 2018. UEL is a power generation company established under the Private Sector Power Generation Policy of Bangladesh. It operates two power plants, a 53 MW plant at Ashuganj and a 28 MW plant at Sylhet, respectively.

UEL also holds 92.41% ordinary shares of United Ashuganj Energy Ltd (UAEL), a power generation company established under Public Private Partnership (PPP). It operates a 195 MW plant located at Ashuganj, Brahmanbaria.

On 22 June 2019, the Board of Directors of UPGDCL resolved to acquire 75% shares (300,000 shares at face value of Tk. 10 each) of Leviathan Global BD Ltd. (LGBDL) from United Enterprises & Co. Ltd. (UECL). A share transfer agreement was also signed on the same date stating the acquisition to be effective from 1 July 2019.

On 15 September 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company, resolved to acquire 99% shares (9,900,000 shares) of United Anowara Power Limited (UAnPL) from Sponsor Shareholders at Net Asset Value based on audited Financial Statements as at 30 June 2020. A share transfer agreement was also signed on the same date stating the acquisition to be effective from 1 July 2020. UAnPL is a 300 MW IPP HFO fired power plant, located at Anwara, Chattogram for a period of 15 years which came into Commercial Operation on 22 June 2019. The principal activity of the company is to generate electricity to sell such generated electricity to Bangladesh Power Development board (BPDB) under a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA).

On 15 September 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company also resolved to acquire 99% shares (9,900,000 shares) of United Jamalpur Power Limited (UJPL) from Sponsor Shareholders at Net Asset Value based on audited Financial Statements as at 30 June 2020. A share transfer agreement was also signed on the same date stating the acquisition to be effective from 1 July 2020. UJPL is a 115 MW IPP HFO fired power plant, located at Jamalpu,r for a period of 15 years which came into commercial operation on 21 February 2019. The principal activity of the company is to generate electricity to sell such generated electricity to Bangladesh Power Development board (BPDB) under a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA).

### Inventories 9

See accounting policy in Note 54C

		30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Spare parts	9.1	1,472,635,016	660,744,700	1,162,763,960	603,771,077
Lube oil and chemicals	9.2	49,287,306	15,393,946	45,811,875	20,906,529
Heavy fuel oil	9.3	718,882,387			-
Light fuel oil	9.4	12,707,298		w	
Materials in transit		105,027,677	22,239,523	122,658,620	110,162,883
- 10 - 5 - T 1 - 10 T 1 T 1 C 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		2,358,539,683	698,378,169	1,331,234,455	734,840,489

### Spare parts 9.1

Spare parts	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Opening balance	1,249,367,080	603,771,077	1,022,385,629	457,117,013
Purchase during the period	365,273,846	163,468,732	606,886,635	509,768,425
Transfer during the period	1,211,307	(4,344,398)	9,781,993	9,781,993
Consumption during the period	(143,217,216)	(102,150,710)	(476,290,297)	(372,896,354)
Consumption daming the period	1,472,635,016	660,744,700	1,162,763,960	603,771,077

### Lube oil and chemicals

cube on and elicimicals	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Opening balance	62,942,659	20,906,529	38,646,978	8,619,479
Purchase during the period	104,025,189	7,893,588	88,335,849	54,907,753
Transfer during the period	(9,390,162)	-	× ×	(=
Consumption during the period	(108,290,380)	(13,406,171)	(81,170,952)	(42,620,704)
Containpaint during the person	49,287,306	15,393,946	45,811,875	20,906,529

### Heavy fuel oil

Heavy Idei on	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Opening balance	906,282,916			
Purchase during the period	4,449,136,567			
Consumption during the period	(4,636,537,096)			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	718,882,387		-	

### Light fuel oil

Light fuel on	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Opening balance	12,879,012			
Purchase during the period	-			
Consumption during the period	(171,714)			
	12,707,298		-	

### 10 Trade and other receivables

See accounting policy in Note 54D

		30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Trade receivables	10.1	9,864,110,503	1,282,932,702	2,721,688,325	1,403,050,102
Other receivables	10.2	5,484,330	4,842,946	4,760,738	4,596,605
		9,869,594,833	1,287,775,648	2,726,449,063	1,407,646,707

### 10.1 Trade receivables

In Taka		30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
BREB		250,412,884	233,494,079	251,478,856	231,669,177
BPDB		8,928,465,607	366,478,504	1,775,388,896	478,612,516
BEPZA		380,822,047	380,822,047	386,377,099	386,377,099
Other private customers		304,409,966	302,138,072	308,443,474	306,391,311
Curer private sustemers		9.864.110.503	1,282,932,702	2,721,688,325	1,403,050,102

### 10.2 Other receivables

	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Wartsila Bangladesh Ltd	4,400,143	4,400,143	4,401,754	4,401,754
Bergen Engine BD (Pvt.) Ltd	81,492		, E	-
Kaltimex Energy Bangladesh (Pvt) Ltd.	559,892	-	164,133	-
Others	442,803	442,803	194,851	194,851
Cthore	5,484,330	4,842,946	4,760,738	4,596,605

### 11 Receivable from related party

See accounting policy in Note 54D

	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd	5,915,109,050		5,240,109,050	-
United Energy Ltd	(M.)	987,188		944,922
United Mymensingh Power Ltd	6,960,393,343	6,947,004,435	5,169,415,253	5,168,213,416
United Jamalpur Power Ltd		68,114	133,889	68,114
United Anowara Power Ltd	<u>.</u>	7,291,537	7,672,081	7,272,176
United Payra Power Ltd.	1,177,231			
United Lube Oil Ltd	3,511,561	377,392	377,392	377,392
omed add on are	12,880,191,186	6,955,728,666	10,417,707,665	5,176,876,020

### 12 Advances, deposits and prepayments

See accounting policy in Note 54D

	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
12.1	83,556,573	36,641,393	71,598,548	37,777,775
12.2	53,950,607	24,911,344	52,036,610	24,911,344
Deposits 12.2 Prepayments 12.3	58,040,693	5,465,523	15,921,412	9,125,465
	195,547,873	67,018,260	139,556,570	71,814,584
	12.1 12.2	Note Consolidated 12.1 83,556,573 12.2 53,950,607 12.3 58,040,693	Note         Consolidated         Separate           12.1         83,556,573         36,641,393           12.2         53,950,607         24,911,344           12.3         58,040,693         5,465,523	Note         Consolidated         Separate         Consolidated           12.1         83,556,573         36,641,393         71,598,548           12.2         53,950,607         24,911,344         52,036,610           12.3         58,040,693         5,465,523         15,921,412

### 12.1 Advances

In Taka	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Advance against salary and allowances	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Advance against LC charges	269,218		351,125	277,064
Advance against expenses	82,787,354	36,141,393	70,747,422	37,000,711
Travallos against experiess	83,556,573	36,641,393	71,598,548	37,777,775

### 12.2 Deposits

	30 Septemb	er 2020	30 June 2020		
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate	
Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Ltd.	44,293,183	17,448,825	44,293,183	17,448,825	
Bank guarantee margin	5,850,000	5,850,000	5,850,000	5,850,000	
BEPZA	1,112,519	1,112,519	1,112,519	1,112,519	
Balance in BO account	75,907		75,907	-	
Central Depository Bangladesh Limited	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	
Chattagram Palli Biddut Shamity-1	1,913,998				
BPDB	205,000	2.00	205,000		
	53,950,607	24,911,344	52,036,610	24,911,344	

### 12.3 Prepayments

	30 Septemb	er 2020	30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Insurance premium	55,032,766	4,626,667	13,624,129	8,746,667
Bank guarantee commission	1,204,549		1,656,256	=
BERC license fees	1,803,378	838,856	641,027	378,798
DEI (O IIOGIIGO 1000	58,040,693	5,465,523	15,921,412	9,125,465

### 13 Investment in marketable securities

See accounting policy in Note 54D

	30 Septem	ber 2020	30 June 2020		
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate	
Cash available for share purchase	163,538	163,538	789,680	789,680	
Financial assets classified as fair value through profit and loss	112,012,944	112,012,944	92,027,541	92,027,541	
<u> </u>	112,176,482	112,176,482	92,817,221	92,817,221	

### 13.1 Financial assets classified as fair value through profit and loss

Name of the Company	No. of shares	Rate per share	Market value at 30 June 2020	Market value at 30 June 2019	Cost price	Changes in fair value
Baximco Pharma Limited	250,000	117.80	29,450,000	6,920,000	27,216,751	2,233,249
GP	70,000	330.00	23,100,000		23,046,689	53,311
Olympic Industries Ltd.	14,500	173.90	2,521,550	4,209,205	2,575,984	(54,434)
Ranata Ltd.	13,000	1,156.20	15,030,600	14,366,800	15,337,521	(306,921)
Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited	759,759	21.60	16,410,794	13,892,736	18,065,677	(1,654,882)
Square Pharmaceuticals Ltd	125,000	204.00	25,500,000	11,212,500	25,476,634	23,366
Glaxosmith Ltd.	5,500	2,186.60		12,026,300		
Singer BD Ltd	150,000	147.00		22,050,000		
Pioneer Insurance Ltd.	250,000	29.40		7,350,000		×=
			112,012,944	92,027,541	111,719,255	293,690

14	Advance income tax		30 Septemb	ner 2020	30 June	2020
	In Taka	3	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
	Opening balance		15,604,860		15,869,483	
	Paid during the period		719,618		5,544,142	-
	Adjustment for completion of assessment				(5,954,103)	
			16,324,478	-	15,459,522	
15	Cash and cash equivalents See accounting policy in Note 54D		30 Septemb	ner 2020	30 June	2020
	In Toko	Vote .	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
	m raka	15.1	686,980	299,973	226,051	140,534
	Octor in the contract	15.2	30,457,500	,	-	
	i ixoa aopooite	15.3	286,309,249	61,098,491	416,783,997	323,738,646
	Odsil at balik		317,453,729	61,398,464	417,010,048	323,879,180
15.1	Cash in hand					
1011			30 Septemb	er 2020	30 June	Carlotte Carlotte
	In Taka		Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
	Cash in hand		686,980	299,973	226,051	140,534
			686,980	299,973	226,051	140,534
15.2	Fixed deposits		30 Septemb	per 2020	30 June	2020
	In Taka	-	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
	AB Bank Limited		30,457,500		₩.	-
			30,457,500	Y <b>-</b>		
15.3	Cash at bank		30 Septemb	ner 2020	30 June	2020
	In Taka		Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
	Dhaka Bank Limited		101,980,143	29,166,098	361,922,440	290,207,455
	Dutch Bangla Bank Limited		16,277,045	3,536,370	7,536,739	7,317,281
	Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited		32,624	32,624	32,624	32,624
	Eastern Bank Limited		14,444,661	79,511	1,073,666	79,511
	Jamuna Bank Limited		612,058	21,319	952,255	21,319
	Trust Bank Limited		223,753	223,753	223,753	223,753
	Brac Bank Limited		13,498,490	13,498,490	13,498,490	13,498,490
	Brac Bank LtdDividend dist. A/C 2013 and 2014		1,398,487	1,398,487	1,398,487	1,398,487
	The City Bank Limited-Dividend distribution A/C 201	16	14,531,912	8,827,421	8,916,088	8,916,088
	Dhaka Bank Limited - Dividend distribution A/C 201		1,070,967	1,070,967	1,072,191	1,072,191
	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp. Ltd		8,935,140	3,243,452	7,746,743	971,447
	Standard Chartered Bank		5,537,595	-	811,739	8.77
	The City Bank Limited		74,932,971	•	11,598,782	-
	Bank Asia Ltd.		25,877,067			
	Janata Bank Ltd.		38,620			
	United Commercial Bank Ltd.		14,145			
	Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.		30,000			
	Prime Bank Ltd.		30,000			
	Southeast Bank		7,577			
	Pubali Bank Limited		6,835,996	61 000 404	416,783,997	323,738,646
			286,309,249	61,098,491	410,700,007	020,700,040

16	Share	capital

See accounting policy in Note 54N	30 September 20		30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Authorised 800,000,000 ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each	8,000,000,000	8,000,000,000	8,000,000,000	8,000,000,000
200,000,000 redeemable preference shares of Tk. 10 each	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
8	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000

Notes to the consolidated	financial	statements	(Continued)
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Ordinary shares issued, subscribed and paid up Opening balance	4,790,870,000	4,790,870,000	4,790,870,000	4,790,870,000
	479,087,000	479.087,000	479,087,000	479,087,000
Bonus shares issued Closing balance	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000

Particulars of shareholding	rticulars of shareholding 30 September 2020		30 June 2020		
Tarticulars of onaronorality		Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
In Taka	No. of shares	Value (Tk)	Value (Tk)	Value (Tk)	Value (Tk)
United Mymensingh Power Ltd	474,288,093	4,742,880,930	4,742,880,930	4,742,880,930	4,742,880,930
Investment Corporation of Bangladesh	14,395,420	143,953,600	143,953,600	143,953,600	143,953,600
General investors	38,312,187	383,122,470	383,122,470	383,122,470	383,122,470
Constanting Constanting	526,995,700	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000	5,269,957,000

### 16.2 Percentage of shareholdings

Percentage of snareholdings	30 Septemb	30 June 2020		
Name of shareholders	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
United Mymensingh Power Ltd	90.00%	90.00%	90.00%	90.00%
Investment Corporation of Bangladesh	2.73%	2.73%	2.73%	2.73%
General investors	7.27%	7.27%	7.27%	7.27%
General investors	100%	100%	100%	100%

### 16.3 Classification of shareholders by holding

	30 September 2020		30 June 2020	
Range of holding in number of shares	No. of		No. of	
range of flording in flambor of onaros	shareholders	No. of shares	shareholders	No. of shares
01 to 5000 shares	6,864	3,378,514	6,864	3,378,514
5.001 to 20,000 shares	332	3,066,727	332	3,066,727
20,001 to 50,000 shares	94	2,952,245	94	2,952,245
50,001 to 1,000,000 shares	80	16,610,169	80	16,610,169
1,000,001 to 10,000,000 shares	9	26,699,952	9	26,699,952
over 10,000,001 shares	1	474,288,093	1	474,288,093
0761 10,000,001 3Hale3	7,380	526,995,700	7,380	526,995,700

### 17 Share premium

Snare premium	30 Septem	ber 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Share premium	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000
Office profition	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000	2,046,000,000

This represents premium of Tk. 62 per share of 33,000,000 ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each.

### 18 Revaluation reserve

	30 Septemb	oer 2020		30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate		Consolidated	Separate
Revaluation reserve	57,291,285			57,459,283	12
Trovalaction receive	57,291,285		-	57,459,283	

### 19 Retained earnings

Retained earnings	30 Septem	30 June 2020		
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Opening balance	21,933,085,610	8,305,986,678	22,704,577,678	10,664,437,759
Net profit during the period	2,926,066,712	1,260,980,006	5,935,053,939	4,348,766,919
Net profit during the period	24,859,152,322	9,566,966,684	28,639,631,617	15,013,204,678
Issue of bonus shares	-	Ø <u>−</u> № 95	(479,087,000)	(479,087,000)
Cash dividend for the year 2018-19			(6,228,131,000)	(6,228,131,000)
Depreciation on revalued assets	167,998	_	671,992	-
Deprediation on revalues assets	24,859,320,321	9,566,966,684	21,933,085,610	8,305,986,678

City Bank Limited

Dutch Bangla Bank Limited

20	Non-controlling interests					
20	iton controlling intercess	30 Septemb	oer 2020		30 June	2020
	In Taka	Consolidated	Separate		Consolidated	Separate
	Opening balance	544,709,204		-	488,158,794	-
	Addition during the period:	-		-	**	-
	Share capital			1	1,000,000	<del>-</del>
	Dividend from subsidiary company				(88, 183, 200)	-
	Profit during the period	55,574,508			143,733,610	=
	Non-Controlling interest added during the period	53,683,214				
		653,966,926			544,709,204	-
21	Borrowings See accounting policy in Note 54D Non-current liabilities					
		30 Sentemb	ner 2020		30 June	2020
		30 Septemb			30 June Consolidated	
	In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	_	Consolidated	2020 Separate
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing	The state of the s		-		
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan	Consolidated 3,420,439,651		•	Consolidated	
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan Liabilities for capital machinery	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798		•	Consolidated	
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan Liabilities for capital machinery City bank Limiyed	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798 1,643,449,569		•	Consolidated	
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan Liabilities for capital machinery	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798		-	Consolidated 3,420,439,651	
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan Liabilities for capital machinery City bank Limiyed	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798 1,643,449,569 661,430,051 12,777,329,068	Separate	3000	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 661,430,051 4,081,869,702	Separate - -
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) Ioan Liabilities for capital machinery City bank Limiyed Dutch Bangla Bank Limited	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798 1,643,449,569 661,430,051	Separate	3000	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 661,430,051 4,081,869,702	Separate - -
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan Liabilities for capital machinery City bank Limiyed Dutch Bangla Bank Limited  Current liabilities In Taka	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798 1,643,449,569 661,430,051 12,777,329,068 30 Septemb	Separate	3000	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 661,430,051 4,081,869,702	Separate - - - - - 2020
	In Taka Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) loan Liabilities for capital machinery City bank Limiyed Dutch Bangla Bank Limited  Current liabilities	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 7,052,009,798 1,643,449,569 661,430,051 12,777,329,068 30 Septemb	Separate	3000	Consolidated 3,420,439,651 661,430,051 4,081,869,702	Separate - - - - - 2020

93,025,447

219,002,633 5,413,107,938 288,569,949

782,948,179

## 21.1 Terms and repayment schedule

The following loans were obtained by UAEL under Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF) for procurement of capital machineries, civil construction and local procurement related to power plant assets

Nature of					Year of	
loan	Lender	Limit	Interest	Tenure	mafurity	Repayment terms
IPFF loan	Dhaka Bank Limited	USD 21,940,000	6 month USD LIBOR + 0.3% (IPPF margin) + 1.75% (PFI's margin)	12 years	2027	40 equal quarterly instalments
IPFF loan	Trust Bank Limited	USD 21,940,000	USD 21,940,000 6 month USD LIBOR + 0.3% (IPPF margin) + 1.75% (PFI's margin)	12 years	2027	40 equal quarterly instalments
IPFF loan	Mutual Trust Bank Limited	USD 14,620,000	USD 14,620,000 6 month USD LIBOR + 0.3% (IPPF margin) + 1.75% (PFI's margin)	12 years	2027	7 40 equal quarterly instalments

### The IPFF loan is secured by:

- Registered hypothecation (first charge) on machinery, plant, equipment, furniture, fixture and all other assets, both present and future, of the borrower along with notarised IGPA to sell the same
  - Registered hypothecation (first charge) over all floating assets, both present and future, of the borrower along with notarised IGPA to sell the same ≔ ≔ .≥
    - Sponsors' undertaking to inject necessary equity funds to finance any cost overrun of the project
      - Personal guarantees by the personal guarantors
- Corporate guarantees by the corporate guarantors
- 21.2 The following term loan was obtained by Leviathon Global Bangladesh Ltd. (LGBD) for settlement of accepted liability under deffered LC open through HSBC for import of capital machineries of power plant

ature of	Lender	Limit	Interest	Tenure	Year of	Repayment terms
m Loan	DBBL	BDT 95 crore	9% D.a	3 vears	2023	12 equal quarterly instalmer

### The term loan is secured by:

- DP Note and other basic change documents duly signed by the authorized Director(s) of the company supported by Board resolution.
- Assignment of bill receivable of Leviathan Global Bd Ltd. (Bills to be received against supply of electricity to be deposited to an account opened with DBBL in the name of the
  - Corporate Guarantee of United Enterprise & Co. Ltd. & Neptune Land Development Ltd. supported by board resolution of the concerns.
- Personal Guarantees of all nominated directors of United Energy Ltd., holding 75% shares of the concern.
- Letter of hypothecation by way of 2nd charge with RJSC on the fixed asset (Building and machinery) of the company subject to obtaining NOC from BEPZA. Machinery of the concern to be duly insured covering minimum risks of Fir & RSD with Bank Mortgagee clause,
  - Standard Term Loan Agreement
- 21.3 The following term loan was obtained by United Jamalpur Power Ltd. (UJPL) for settlement of accepted liability under deffered LC open through CBL for import of capital machineries of power plant

ature of	Lender	Limit	Interest	Tenure	Year of	Repayment terms
m Loan	CBL	BDT 186 Crore	9% p.a	5 years	2025	60 equal quarterly instalments

### The term loan is secured by:

- Registered mortgage with IGPA of project land and building of UJPL covering term loan limit
- 1st ranking floating charge with RJSC over plant & machinery of the company against Term Loan financing
- 1st ranking floating charge with RJSC over stocks & receivables of the company by way of Pari Passu Security Sharing Agreement (PPSSA)
  - Corporate Guarantee from United Enterprises & Co. Ltd. (UECL) supported by Board Resolution.
- Insurance coverage incorporating CBL as loss payee -- := := .≥ > '⋝
  - Standard charge documents

### 22 Security money received

See accounting policy in Note 54D

See accounting policy in Note 34b	30 Septemb	per 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Lilac Fashion Wear Ltd	700,000	700,000	700,000	700,000
	700,000	700,000	700,000	700,000

Security deposit received comprises of an amount equal to two months minimum charge received from Lilac Fashion Wear Ltd.

### 23 Land lease Liability

See accounting policy in Note 54Q

2.2	30 Septembe	er 2020	30 June 2	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Balance as at 01 July	25,355,632	25,355,632	1100	-
Add: Addition during the year			26,210,102	26,210,102
Add: Interest charged during the year	372,065	372,065	1,519,833	1,519,833
Less: Payment made during the year	(593,477)	(593,477)	(2,374,303)	(2,374,303)
Balance as at 30 June	25,134,219	25,134,219	25,355,632	25,355,632

### Segregation of Land lease liability:

	30 September	30 June 2020		
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Non-current portion	24,912,609	24,912,609	24,449,893	24,449,893
Current portion	221,511	221,511	905,739	905,739
	25,134,120	25,134,120	25,355,632	25,355,632

### 24 Deferred revenue

	30 Septembe	30 September 2020		120
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Deferred revenue	263,191,682		263,191,682	-
-	263,191,682		263,191,682	-

20 0 --- 4 ---- 1 2020

20 June 2020

This pertains to the difference between capacity payments received from the customer and capacity payments recognised in profit or loss in relation to the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) of United Ashuganj Eneygy Limited (UAEL) due to straight-lining of capacity revenue over the remaining PPA term upon application of IFRS 16. UAEL is a subsidiary of United Energy Limited (UEL) while UEL is a direct subsidiary of United Power generation and distribution Company Limited (UPGDCL).

### 25 Trade and other payables

See accounting policy in Note 54D

3		30 Septem	ber 2020	30 June 2020	
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Trade payables	25.1	238,212,469	146,612,419	217,705,551	121,372,274
Other payables	25.2	10,001,791,046	5,361,434,428	49,069,538	34,941,266
5 P.27	**	10,240,003,515	5,508,046,847	266,775,089	156,313,540

### 25.1 Trade payables

	30 Septemb	30 September 2020		2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Gas bill	238,212,469	146,612,419	217,705,551	121,372,274
,	238,212,469	146,612,419	217,705,551	121,372,274

### 25.2 Other payables

	30 Septem	ber 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Share application money	6,452,280	6,452,280	6,452,280	6,452,280
Unclaimed dividend	9,587,006	9,587,006	9,676,552	9,676,552
Service charge on gas bill	22,383,339	22,383,339	14,109,483	14,109,483
Other operating expenses	80,433,720	8,373,612	4,702,951	4,702,951
TDS payable	2,193,039	-	1,800,360	-
Wartsila Bangladesh Ltd	510,949	-	338,251	-
Liabilities for Imported Materials	4,565,295,255	-	11,766,771	-
Payable against C&F bill	297,268		222,891	-
Share purchase consideration payable	5,314,638,192	5,314,638,192		
	10,001,791,046	5,361,434,428	49,069,538	34,941,266

### Unclaimed dividend

	30 Septer	nber 2020	30 Jun	ne 2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Unclaimed cash dividend for the year 2013 & 2014	1,405,987	1,405,987	1,405,987	1,405,987
Unclaimed interim & final cash div. for the period ended 30 June 2016	3,372,146	3,372,146	3,373,574	3,373,574
Unclaimed cash dividend for the year 2017	824,460	824,460	825,684	825,684
Unclaimed cash dividend for the year 2018	1,075,076	1,075,076	1,076,059	1,076,059
Unclaimed cash dividend for the year 2019	2,909,336	2,909,336	2,995,247	2,995,247
•	9,587,006	9,587,006	9,676,552	9,676,552

### 26 Accrued expenses

See accounting policy in Note 54D

	30 Septeml	oer 2020	30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Interest expense payable	198,455,581			-
Provision for expenses	9,025,456		3,442,938	-
Service charge on gas bill	3,703,451	3,156,500	8,273,856	8,273,856
VAT payable	11,425,590	9,755,955	5,995,272	4,831,160
Other operating expenses	4,988,023	2,722,500	2,286,948	2,286,948
Directors' remuneration	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Audit fees	2,304,500	800,000	2,074,500	800,000
Utility bill	691,153	691,153	691,153	691,153
Security expenses	326,343	211,583	338,243	211,583
Medical expenses	50,970	50,970	50,970	50,970
Welfare fund	16,985	16,985	16,985	16,985
Environmental expenses	16,200	16,200	16,200	16,200
Bergen Engines Bangladesh Pvt.Ltd.	810,000	810,000	1,501,705	810,000
TDS	591,967		:=:	
	233,406,220	19,231,847	25,688,770	18,988,856

### 27

Payable to related party See accounting policy in Note 54D

30 Septem	ber 2020	30 June	2020
Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
35,309,385	11,262,230	21,207,517	9,882,230
-	18,986,667.00		23,766,215
8,043,508,000	<b>■</b> V	729,263,143	-
8,078,817,385	30,248,897	750,470,660	33,648,445
	Consolidated 35,309,385 - 8,043,508,000	35,309,385 11,262,230 - 18,986,667.00 8,043,508,000 -	Consolidated         Separate         Consolidated           35,309,385         11,262,230         21,207,517           - 18,986,667.00         - 729,263,143

### 28 **Current Tax liability**

See accounting policy in Note 54J

SEPERA BOOK ON CONTRACT OF SEPERAL SE	30 Septemb	oer 2020	30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Opening balance	29,823,541		184,150,547	-
Provision during the year	174,765	ii ii	5,461,848	-
Reversal of excess provission for completion of assessment of 2017	*		(55,741,770)	¥
Reversal of excess provission for completion of assessment of 2018	*		(97,975,262)	_
Adjustment for completion of assessments		-	(5,954,103)	943
Paid during the period	-	(**)	(582,088)	
, and a sum of the part of the	29,998,306		29,359,173	н

No provision is required for income tax on UPGDCL's profit as it has received exemption from all such taxes from the Government of Bangladesh for 15 years from commencement.

No provision is required for income tax on the business income of United Energy Ltd. (UEL) and United Ashuganj Energy Ltd. (UAEL) as the companies have received exemption from income from power generation under the private sector power generation policy for a period of 15 years from the start of their commercial operation, vide SRO ref: 211-Law/Income Tax/2013-Income Tax ordinance (#36) 1984 dated 1 July 2013. Such exemption of UEL (Sylhet power plant) and UAEL (Ashuganj 195 MW power plant) will expire on 2028 and 2030 respectively. The Ashuganj 53 MW power plant being rental power plant is liable for TDS at 4% which is borne by the BPDB. However provision has been made on the non-business income of UEL and UAEL.

### 29 Revenue

See accounting policy in Note 54F

See accounting policy in Note 54F		Septembe	er 2020	September 2019	
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Electricity supply	29.1	9,215,399,612	1,694,358,908	2,758,028,061	1,674,194,824
Steam supply	29.2	9,371,891	9,371,891	7,013,074	7,013,074
Occam Suppry		9,224,771,503	1,703,730,799	2,765,041,135	1,681,207,898

### 29.1 Electricity supply

	Septembe	er 2020	September 2019		
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate	
Bangladesh Power Devt. Board (BPDB)	7,647,626,893	178,905,167	1,210,581,176	181,102,547	
Bangladesh Export Processing Zone Auth.(BEPZA)	1.072,627,225	1,072,627,225	1,053,784,168	1,053,784,168	
Bangladesh Rural Electrification Board (BREB)	195,234,899	149,326,007	201,289,886	146,935,277	
Other private customers	299,910,594	293,500,508	292,372,832	292,372,832	
Other private dusternary	9,215,399,612	1,694,358,908	2,758,028,061	1,674,194,824	

Break up of revenue from electricity supply	September 2020		September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Capacity payment	2,165,499,050	1997	710,544,209	-
Energy payment	7,017,848,400	1,694,358,908	2,026,697,085	1,674,194,824
Supplimental Bill	24,244,125	20 2 N	20,786,767	7.5
True-up Bill	7,808,038			2₩
Deferred income		•		3.4
Polotice meaning	9,215,399,612	1,694,358,908	2,758,028,061	1,674,194,824

### 29.2 Steam supply

Steam supply	Septembe	er 2020	September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Gunze United Ltd	6,725,289	6,725,289	5,224,060	5,224,060
Global Labels (Bangladesh) Ltd	967,507	967,507	1,101,144	1,101,144
Croydon-Kowloon Designs Ltd	1,478,143	1,478,143	530,578	530,578
Talisman Ltd	200,953	200,953	157,292	157,292
Talisman Eta	9,371,891	9,371,891	7,013,074	7,013,074

### 30 Cost of sales

Cost of sales	Septembe	er 2020	September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Fuel and energy	5,071,151,704	325,078,126	573,041,636	353,530,882
Spare parts and lube oil	244,433,568	115,556,882	125,186,623	95,959,496
Depreciation	641,853,751	90,016,375	326,816,174	89,719,443
Minimum load charge	8,627,303	8,627,303	7,854,180	7,854,180
Direct overhead	79,532,290	26,411,108	37,327,209	29,107,352
Repair and maintenance	6,676,887	10,860,455	26,069,312	7,898,102
Distribution Expenses	3,196,823	3,196,823	5,151,806	5,151,806
Entertainment	2,125,028	1,613,366	2,438,352	1,860,248
Utility bill	1,658,709	1,646,449	3,365,245	3,308,782
Security expense	1,605,006	763,426	1,921,888	980,108
Carrying charge	645,792	422,792	205,320	179,820
Land lease rent			586,670	586,670
Advertisement expense			154,422	154,422
Travelling and conveyance	117,044	100,641	204,016	161,693
Labour and wages	617,532	136,145	139,935	106,985
Vehicle running and maintenance	829,392	550,447	375,626	375,626
Environmental expenses	674,658	489,318	117,539	76,983
Printing and stationery	115,784	20,567	139,035	117,719
Site office expense	106,958	3,983	966,151	966,151
Telephone, mobile and internet	179,088	83,060	90,150	72,750
BERC license and others	886,787	444,695	52,015	52,015
Worker welfare fund	51,124	51,124	50,820	50,820
Postage and courier	30,038	12,260	17,215	4,820
Automation and IP expense	23,015	23,015	6,708	6,708
Insurance premium	24,041,177	4,120,000	9,859,504	
Depreciation of lease rent	129,000		5,067,999	
Gardening and beautification	34,633	18,870	7,974	
Depreciation of right of use assets	5,422,426	365,722		
Safety material	8,500			
Computer maintenance	Tag 1		26,800	lle.
Damage Inventory	279,043	279,043		
	6,095,053,060	590,891,996	1,127,240,324	598,283,581

30.1 The Group signed agreements for all its operation, maintenance and management (O&M) services with United Engineering and Power Service Ltd (UEPSL). It provides all technical support related to operation and management of the power plants. UEPSL raises invoice for actual cost and a service charge per month.

### 31 General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses	Septembe	er 2020	September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Directors' remuneration	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Office maintenance	2,722,500	2,722,500	2,872,500	2,872,500
Advertisement	1,050,870	1,050,870	5,331,915	5,331,915
Depreciation	5,298,894	909,256	2,091,579	906,257
Bank charge and commission	353,299	65,344	392,087	55,338
Office rent	345,000	345,000	690,000	345,000
Office expenses	75,279		42,274	31,724
Board meeting fees	1,037,550	432,000	300,000	300,000
Consultancy fees	203,831			
Entertainment	79,359	43,646	142,729	120,901
Traveling and conveyance	149,814	112,004	184,845	139,169
Postage, telephone and telex	6,095	5,457	19,013	17,928
Printing and stationery	15,450	14,090	8,615	4,840
Trade license and others	634,369		19,325	11,100
RJSC expenses	908,631		89,000	
Legal expense			35,000	35,000
Brokerage commission	281,155	281,155		
Business Promotional Expenses	1,168,150	350,000		
	17,330,246	9,331,322	15,218,882	13,171,672

### 32 Other income

	September 2020		September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Realised gain from marketable securities			-	
Realised gain/(loss) from marketable securities	19,346,727	19,346,727		
Unrealised gain/(loss) from marketable securities	293,690	293,690		
Sale of used lube oil and drums	14.040,819	14,040,819	3,093,870	3,093,870
Scrap sale	7,884,206	7,872,236	561,710	543,440
Corap date	41,565,441	41,553,471	3,655,580	3,637,310

### 33 Finance income

See accounting policy in Note 54M

	September 2020		September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Interest on related party loan	116,291,019	116,291,019	171,281,683	171,281,683
Interest income on bank balance and fixed deposits	525,770		278,384	
THE CONTROL OF BUILDING STATE AND STATE OF STATE	116,816,789	116,291,019	171,560,067	171,281,683

### 34 Foreign exchange (gain)/loss

See accounting policy in Note 54l

See accounting policy in Note 341	Septembe	er 2020	Septembe	er 2019
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Foreign exchange loss - realised	(75,617)	X.	(16,053,602)	
Foreign ex. gain/(loss) on USD A/C- realised	100	100		
Torong it on game (1999)	(75,517)	100	(16,053,602)	

### 35 Finance expense

See accounting policy in Note 54M

5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.	September 2020		September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Interest on IPFF loan	26,483,676	•		
Interest on short term & Long term loan	146,198,606		134,060,552	
Interest on liabilities for capital machinery	109,995,663			
Bank guarantee commission	3,576,571			
Interest on leasehold land	372,065	372,065		
Syndication fee	2,252,346			
Cynalogues 100	288,878,926	372,065	134,060,552	

As per syndicated international loan agreements between lenders and United Ashuganj Energy Ltd. (UAEL), yearly agency fees are paid to lenders. Last year UAEL made a provision of Tk. 3,250,750 against agency fees payable to SCB. Following the repayments of the entire loan in August 2019, the agency fees for the remaining of the year was not incurred. Accordingly, the remaining provision has been reversed this year.

### 36 Income tax expenses

Septembe	er 2020	Septemb	er 2019
Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
174,765		103,829	
(6)			
174,765		- 103,829	
	Consolidated 174,765	Consolidated Separate 174,765	174,765 103,829 -

### 37 Earnings per share

See accounting policy in Note 540

### 37.1 Earnings per share

	September 2020		September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders	2,926,066,712	1,260,980,006	1,614,553,064	1,244,671,638
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	526,995,700	526,995,700	526,995,700	526,995,700
Earnings per share	5.55	2.39	3.06	2.36

### 38 Net asset value per share

·	September 2020		30 June 2020	
	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Net assets	32,886,535,532	16,882,923,684	29,851,211,097	15,621,943,678
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	526,995,700	526,995,700	526,995,700	526,995,700
Net asset value per share	62.40	32.04	56.64	29.64

### 38.1 Net assets

	Septemb	September 2020		30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate	
Total assets	69,948,223,765	22,466,285,395	36,077,569,984	15,856,950,151	
Total liabilities	37,061,688,233	5,583,361,711	6,226,358,887	235,006,473	
Net assets	32,886,535,532	16,882,923,684	29,851,211,097	15,621,943,678	

### 39 Net operating cash flow per share (Basic)

Net operating each new per chare (Eache)	September 2020		30 September 2019	
<del>-</del>	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,183,212,980	1,411,778,887	1,910,156,502	1,084,738,613
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (Ba	526,995,700	526,995,700	526,995,700	526,995,700
Net operating cashflow per share	4.14	2.68	3.62	2.06

### 40 Reconciliation of net profit with cash flow from operating activities

	September 2020		30 September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Profit for the period	2,981,641,219	1,260,980,006	1,647,579,593	1,244,671,638
Adjustment for:				
Depreciation	647,152,646	90,925,631	328,907,753	90,625,700
Amortisation of lease rent	365,722	365,722	5,067,999	=
Depreciation of ROU	5,056,704			
Brokerage commission	281,155	281,155		
Realised gain from marketable securities				
Unrealised (gain)/loss from marketable securities	(19,346,727)	(19,346,727)		
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss - un-realised	(293,690)	(293,690)		
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss - realised	75,617		16,302,659	
Interest on related party loan	(116,291,019)	(116,291,019)	(171,281,683)	(171,281,683)
Changes in:				
Inventories	217,779,561	36,462,320	(165,602,876)	(145,968,513)
Trade and other receivables	(3,125,512,147)	119,871,059	5,591,515	(114,555,807)
Advances, deposits and prepayments	(28,665,521)	4,796,324	(6,169,159)	1,139,355
Advance income tax	(655,373)		(1,799,481)	
Trade and other payables	1,485,154,254	37,184,662	228,590,502	184,018,214
Accrued expenses	140,023,366	242,990	24,372,527	(2,874,595)
Provision for tax	174,766		103,828	
Payable to related party	(3,727,555)	(3,399,548)	(1,506,676)	(1,035,696)
Differed income	,			
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,183,212,980	1,411,778,887	1,910,156,502	1,084,738,613

### 41 Related party transactions

During the period, the Group carried out a number of transactions with related parties. The names of the related parties and nature of these transactions have been set out in accordance with the provisions of IAS 24: Related party disclosures.

### A Transactions with key management personnel

### i. Loans to directors

During the period, no loan was given to the directors of the Group.

### ii. Key management personnel compensation comprised the following:

The key management personnel includes the Group Managing directors.

### a) Short-term employee benefit:

Short-term employee benefit includes remmuneration, festival bonus and meeting attendance fees.

	September 2020		September 2019	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Directors' remuneration	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Board meeting fees	1,037,550	432,000	300,000	300,000
Doard meeting lees	4,037,550	3,432,000	3,300,000	3,300,000
b) Post employment benefit			=	-
c) Other long-term benefit		÷	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>
d) Termination benefit		-	=	=
e) Share-based payment				2
	4,037,550	3,432,000	3,300,000	3,300,000

### B Other related party transactions

	Transaction value during the period ended 30 September		Balance outst	anding as at
	2020	2019	30 September 2020	30 June 2020
United Power Generation & Distribution Co	mpany Ltd.			
Gunze United Limited	6,725,289	5,224,060	6,725,290	4,057,473
Sale of goods and services United Engineering & Power Services Ltd.	25,525,032	29,107,352	8,921,430	7,541,430
United Securities Limited Purchase of services	281,155	// <u>-</u>	ž	-
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid		-	-	-
United Mymensingh Power Ltd Loan disbursed during the year Loan repaid during the year	1,662,500,000	- 1,231,281,683	6,830,181,634 - -	5,167,681,634 - -
Transfer of inventory (spare parts) United Mymensingh Power Ltd United Anowara Power Ltd United Lube Oil Ltd United Jamalpur Power Ltd	19,360 - -	567,903 7,270,651 377,392 68,114	531,782 7,291,537 377,392 68,114	531,782 7,272,176 377,392 68,114
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd	4,779,548	11,833,667	18,986,667	23,766,218
United Energy Ltd United Engineering & Power Service:	42,266	1,779,307	987,188 2,340,800	944,922 2,340,800

		value during the ed 30 September	Balance o	outstanding as at
	2020	2019	30 September 2020	30 June 2020
United Energy Ltd			ZUZU	
United Engineering & Power Service Ltd	(22 440 770)	(36,630,197)	(415,000)	(2,641,394)
Purchase of services	(22,419,779)	1,770,800	(413,000)	(2,041,004)
Loan		1,770,000		
Loan: United Mymensingh Power Ltd	_	2		(3,233,782,573)
Loan disbursed				
Loan repaid	(3,233,782,573)	-		
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd			5,240,109,050	7,520,341,623
Loan disbursed	2,772,100,000	9,539,278,243		
Loan repaid	5,052,332,573	3,871,849,120		
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd.	ALIGNA CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR SOCI			
Dividend	703,118,613	684,575,666	1387694279	684,575,666
Inventory loan	59,956	907,545	967,501	907,545
Neptune Commercial Ltd			•	
Loan disbursed		-		
Loan repaid		540,000,000		
UPGDCL-Inventory Loan	4,335,813	3,390,891	944,922	3,390,891
	Transaction	value during the	Balance o	utstanding as at
		ed 30 September	61- <mark>01-15-04-15-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-</mark>	
·-	2020	2019	30 September 2020	30 June 2020
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd			2020	
Officed Ashugani Energy Ltd				
United Engineering & Power Service Ltd				
Purchase of services	(20,794,146)	(80,969,301)	(22,386,653)	(10,910,287)
Loan:				
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd			-	-
Loan disbursed	**	39		
Loan repaid	表	-	¥	-
Loan:				
United Energy Ltd			Market Author the Cottlebook interesting Standard Co.	
Loan received	815,000,000	**	815,000,000	-
Loan repaid	<b>9</b> €27			
Dividend payable	1,387,694,279	703,118,613		(1,387,694,279)
Inventory loan	1,974	59,957	969,475	967,501
UPGDCL-Inventory loan	(4,779,546)	13,327,298	18,986,669	23,766,215
United Jamalpur Power LtdInventory loan	378,285		444,060	65,775
United Mymensingh Power LtdInventory loan	•	98,220	1,201,837	1,201,837
United Anowara Power LtdInventory loan		1,423,264	399,905	399,905
United Lube Oil LtdInventory loan	3,134,905		3,134,905	27.
		value during the	Balance o	utstanding as at
		ed 30 September		
	2020	2019	30 September 2020	30 June 2020
Leviathan Global BD Ltd			2020	
Loan:				
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd			822,263,143	729,263,143
	93,000,000	362,692,834		
Loan disbursed	,,			

		n value during the ded 30 September	Balance o	utstanding as at
,	2020	2019	30 September 2020	30 June 2020
United Anwara Power Ltd				
United Engineering & Power Service Ltd Purchase of services Loan:	(8,503,523)	(34,576,569)	(3,978,643)	(4,385,923)
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd Loan disbursed Loan repaid	(5,921,067,313) 2,357,167,653	(10,766,467,313) 8,094,300,000	(3,563,899,660)	(2,672,167,313)
Loan: United Jamalpur Power Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid	(590,000,000) 590,000,000	(1,579,020,000) 1,467,187,653	-	(111,832,347)
Loan: United Mymensingh Power Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid	(545,000,000) 545,000,000	(1,026,570,407) 1,076,570,407	¥	50,000,000
Loan: United Payra Power Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid	-	- 1,057,476	1,057,476	. 1,057,476
Inventory Ioan UPGDCL-Inventory Ioan United Jamalpur Power LtdInventory Ioan United Ashuganj Energy Ltdinventory Ioan	(19,360) - -	(7,272,176) 3,742 (399,905)	(7,291,537) 158,376 399,905	(7,272,176) 3,742 (399,905)
		value during the led 30 September	Balance o	utstanding as at
•	2020	2019	30 September 2020	30 June 2020
United Jamalpur Power Ltd				
United Enterprises & Co. Ltd Loan disbursed Loan repaid	589,000,000 (3,438,771,547)	4,258,500,000 (5,372,733,692)	(3,657,345,197)	(6,507,116,744)
Loan: United Mymensingh Power Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid	(646,452,305) 550,079,230	2,970,801,992 (1,573,225,187)	(20,770)	96,352,305
Loan: United Anwara Power Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid	590,000,000 (478,167,653)	1,466,500,000 (1,579,020,000)	-	111,832,347
Loan: Neptune Commercial Ltd. Loan disbursed Loan repaid	2,015,878,400 (2,015,878,400)		•	2,007,939,200
United Anwara Power Ltd. United Power Gen. & Dist. Com. Ltd. (inventory lunited Mymensingh Power Ltd. (inventory loan) United Ashuganj Energy Ltd.(inventory loan)	(162,118)	3,742 <b>1,285,496</b>	(158,376) (68,114) 12,207,841 (444,060)	3,742 (68,114) 764,843 (65,775)

# 42 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

## Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values, where applicable, of financial assets and financial liabilities. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

30 September 2020					Carrying amount	ınt				Fair value	
	Note	Fair value- hedging	Mandatorily at FVTPL –	FVOCI - debt	FVOCI – equity	Financial assets at amortised	Other financial	Total			
In Taka		instruments	others	instruments	instruments	cost	liabilities		Level 1	Level 2 Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value Investment in marketable securities	13	,	112.176.482	,			•	112 176 482	182	,	-
		•	112,176,482	ï	. 1		ä	112,176,482	112,176,482		
ï											
Financial assets not measured at rair value	r value										
I rade and other receivables	10	ĭ			9	9,869,594,833	1	9,869,594,833		•	
Receivable from related party	11	•	•		•	12,880,191,186	i	12,880,191,186	ı.	ī	
Cash and cash equivalents	15	r			1	317,453,729	٠	317,453,729	•	3	
		a	1	100	1	23,067,239,748	C	23,067,239,748	r		1
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	fair value										
Borrowings	21	•		•		1	18.190.437.006	18 190 437 006	9	1	9
Security money received	22		1	8 31			400 000	700,000			
Trade and other naviables	27 20		. 3			•	700,000	000,000			
liade allo ottlet payables	C 7	•	ı	•	ı	ě	10,240,003,515	10,240,003,515		•	
Accrued expenses	26	•	•	•	ī	•	233,406,220	233,406,220			TOPE
Payable to related party	27	•	1	3.■13		1	8,078,817,385	8,078,817,385	•		•
				E.			36,743,364,125	36,743,364,125	1		
30 June 2020					Carrying amount	ınt				Fair value	
		Fair value-	Mandatorily	FVOCI -	FVOCI -	Financial assets	Other financial				
		hedging	1	debt	ednify	at amortised	liabilities	Total			
In Taka	Note	instruments	others	instruments	instruments	cost			Level 1	Level 2 Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value Investment in marketable securities	ilue 13	3	92 817 221	٠			1	02 817 221	02 817 221		100 247 204
			92,817,221	E	r	Ĺ		92,817,221	92,817,221		
Financial assets not measured at fair value	ir value										
Trade and other receivables	10	î	i	1	1	2 726 449 063	31	2 726 449 063		d	
Receivable from related party	11	j	j	9		10 417 707 665	31	10 417 707 665	•	,	
Cash and cash equivalents	15	i	Ī	į	,	417 010 048	8 1	417,010,000	į j		0 3
		1	1	Ĭ	3	13,561,166,776	1	13,561,166,776			1
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	fair value										
Borrowings	21	Ĩ	1	(0)	210	T.	4,864,817,881	4,864,817,881	Ē	ï	
Security money received	22	Ü	•	Ē	E	1	700,000	700,000	ī	î	
Trade and other payables	25	1	3	(1)	31	81	266,775,089	266,775,089	1	r	10
Accrued expenses	26	1	•	Ü	18	E.	25,688,770	25,688,770	Î	,	į
Payable to related party	27			1	1	31	750,470,660	750,470,660	9		
		1	1	ľ	E .	<b>C</b> S	5,908,452,400	5,908,452,400	í		

### 43 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- A Credit risk
- B Liquidity risk
- C Market risk

The Board of Directors have overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board oversees how management monitors compliance with risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to risks faced by the Group. The Board is assisted in its oversight role by the Audit Committee. Internal audit, under the purview of Audit Committee, undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

### A Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers. Management monitors the exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of financial assets in the statement of financial position.

### i) Exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

		30 Septemb	per 2020	30 June	2020
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Trade and other receivables	10	9,869,594,833	1,287,775,648	2,721,688,325	1,407,646,707
Receivable from related party	11	12,880,191,186	6,955,728,666	10,417,707,665	5,176,876,020
Investment in marketable securitie	13	112,176,482	112,176,482	92,817,221	92,817,221
Cash and cash equivalents (exclud	15	316,766,749	61,098,491	416,783,997	323,738,646
Carrie Carrie Carrie (Carrier Carrier		23,178,729,251	8,416,779,287	13,648,997,208	7,001,078,594

### ii) Ageing of trade and other receivables

	30 Septemb	per 2020	30 June	30 June 2020	
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate	
Not past due	2,867,572,735	520,099,065	903,457,699	574,600,818	
Past due 0-30 days	2,506,597,516	103,837,804	525,357,559	113,784,362	
Past due 31-60 days	2,828,963,151	90,782,029	474,897,864	100,729,016	
Past due 61-90 days	1,056,794,523	27,392,614	419,469,532	93,428,059	
Past due 91-120 days	20,988,626	16,707,298	19,699,011	75,746,331	
Past due 121-365 days	91,646,081	68,068,984	91,454,071	113,683,317	
Past due 365+ days	497,032,202	460,887,854	329,528,939	335,674,803	
	9.869.594.833	1,287,775,648	2,763,864,677	1,407,646,707	

### B Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Typically, the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet expected operational expenses, including financial obligations through preparation of the cash flow forecast, prepared based on time line of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date.

### Exposure to liquidity rate risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

### 30 September 2020

SECRET DESCRIPTION			Contractual cash flows					
In Taka	Note	Carrying amount	Total	6 months or less	Over 6 months			
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Borrowings	21	18,190,437,006	18,190,437,006	335,913,091	17,854,523,915			
Trade and other payables	25	10,240,003,515	10,240,003,515	10,240,003,515	-			
Accrued expenses	26	233,406,220	233,406,220	233,406,220	-			
Payable to related party	27	8,078,817,385	8,078,817,385	8,078,817,385	-			
' '		36,742,664,125	36,742,664,125	18,888,140,211	17,854,523,915			
Derivative financial liabilities								
		36,742,664,125	36,742,664,125	18,888,140,211	17,854,523,915			

### 30 June 2020

		Contractual cash flo	ows		
In Taka	Note	Carrying amount	Total	6 months or less	Over 6 months
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	21	4,864,817,881	4,864,817,881	532,885,129	4,331,932,752
Trade and other payables	25	266,775,089	266,775,089	266,775,089	Y
Accrued expenses	26	25,688,770	25,688,770	25,688,770	-
Payable to related party	27	750,470,660	750,470,660	750,470,660	/ <del>-</del>
		5,907,752,400	5,907,752,400	1,575,819,648	4,331,932,752
Derivative financial liabilities		70 (5 N <u>—</u>	-	1.50	-
		5,907,752,400	5,907,752,400	1,575,819,648	4,331,932,752

### C Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

### i. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk relating to purchases and other transactions which are denominated in foreign currencies.

### ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises due to changes in interest rates on borrowings and deposits.

### Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as at statement of financial position date is as follows:

				No	minal Amount
		30 September	2020	30 June 20	)20
In Taka	Note	Consolidated	Separate	Consolidated	Separate
Fixed rate instruments					
Financial assets					
Receivable from related party	11	12,880,191,186		10,417,707,665	
Fixed deposits	15	30,457,500		<b>(28)</b>	
Financial liabilities					
Payable to related party	27	(8,078,817,385)		(750,470,660)	
Variable rate instruments					
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	21	(18,190,437,006)		(4,864,817,881)	
<u> </u>		(13,358,605,705)		4,802,419,124	-

### 44 Operational risk

Operational risk constitutes the ability of the Group's power projects to generate and distribute stipulated electricity to its off-takers. Technology used, fuel supply arrangement, operational and maintenance (O&M) arrangement, political or force majeure in the form of natural disaster like floods, cyclone, tsunami and earthquake may hamper normal performance of power generation. The timely and appropriate maintenance of the distribution networks undertaken by BEPZA reduces the chance of major disruptions. However, severe natural calamities which are unpredictable and unforeseen have the potential to disrupt normal operations of the Group. Management believes that prudent rehabilitation schemes and quality maintenance will lessen the damages caused by such natural disasters. Most importantly, all the above risks of the Group are covered under the separate insurance agreements between Pragati Insurance Company Limited and UPGDCL, UEL and UAEL to compensate for all the potential damages caused in such situations.

### 45 Contingent assets

The Company has raised a claim against BEPZA for losses suffered as a result of BEPZA failing to timely provide vacant possession of required land and gas connection and a consequent 234 day delay in the Company commencing commercial operation.

In March 2015 an Arbitration Tribunal (consisting of three arbitrators, one appointed by the Company, other appointed by BEPZA and the chairman of the Tribunal) has been appointed by the both arbitrator. The Tribunal ordered that BEPZA compensate the Company for the following amounts.

	30 Septer	nber 2020	30 June 2020		ne 2020
In Taka	Consolidated	Separate	Co	nsolidated	Separate
Service charge deducted by BEPZA ordered to return	18,733,918			18,733,918	3
to the Company					
Loss of warranty	17,424,510			17,424,510	)
Total	36,158,428		(4)	36,158,428	-

In April 2015, BEPZA filed an appeal against the Arbitral award by the Tribunal in the court of district judge, Dhaka. Multiple hearings took place during this year with no significant developments to date.

### 46 Commitments

The Group had the following outstanding letters of credit (LC) as at 30 September 2020 against which it is committed to purchase spare parts.

	30 Septe	mber 2020	30 June 2020
	Currency	Invoice value	Invoice value
LIBOROL	USD	336,412	384,881
UPGDCL	EUR	713,284	1,478,941
1. Fact	USD	55,133	210,668
UEL	EUR		60,020
	USD	158,167	82,936
UAEL	EUR	195,526	36,121
	USD		1,692,700
LGDBL	EUR	127	8,500
	USD	41,424,786	25,500,008
UAnPL	EUR	19,207	1,245,653
	USD	12,649,802	1,692,700
UJPL	EUR	-	8,500

### 47 Contingent liabilities

### 47.1 Contingent liabilities relating to bank guarantees amounted to:

### United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd

In Taka Beneficiary	Expiry date	30 September	30 June 2020
Titas Gas Transmission & Distribution Com. Ltd.	11 Nov. 2023	78,790,400	78,790,400
Titas Gas Transmission & Distribution Com. Ltd.	11 Dec. 2022	6,628,382	6,628,382
Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Limited	23 Jan. 2023	34,897,650	34,897,650
Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Limited	20 June 2023	8,647,617	8,647,617
Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Limited	2 March 2024	71,724,353	71,724,353
Chattogram Customs House	17 Dec. 2019	20,421,244	20,421,244
Changian Cacionic House		221,109,646	221,109,646

### United Energy Ltd

In Taka Beneficiary	Expiry date	30 September	30 June 2020
Jalalabad Gas Transmission and Distribution Systems Limited	12 October 2022	48,396,019	48,396,019
buildiabad odo Hallottia atta		48,396,019	48,396,019

#### United Ashugani Energy Ltd

In Taka			
Beneficiary	Expiry date	30 September	30 June 2020
Bangladesh Power Development Board	7 June 2020	380,000,000	380,000,000
Bakhrabad Gas Distribution Company Limited	13 June 2021	287,472,356	287,472,356
		667,472,356	667,472,356
Leviathan Global BD Ltd			
In Taka			
Beneficiary	Expiry date	30 September	30 June 2020
Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Limited	10-Sep-23	53,688,716 53,688,716	<b>53,688,716</b> 53,688,716
United Anwara Power Ltd		•	
In Taka	Funity data	20 Cantombou	30 June 2020
Beneficiary	Expiry date	30 September 463,150,000	463,150,000
Dhaka Bank Ltd.	30 Sep 2020	463,150,000	463,150,000
United Jamalpur Power Ltd		463,130,000	403,130,000
In Taka			
Beneficiary	Expiry date	463,150,000	463,150,000
Dhaka Bank Ltd.	30.09.2020	280,000,000	280,000,000
		280,000,000	280,000,000

- 47.2 In line with the provisions of its gas supply agreements, the Company has historically been charged for gas consumption at the rate set for Independent Power Producers (IPPs). However, on 2 January 2018, the Energy and Mineral Resources Division of the Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources resolved in a meeting that gas based power plants will be charged for gas consumption in the following manner:
  - a) Gas consumed for generating power supplied to the national grid will be charged at the rate set for IPPs.
  - b) Gas consumed for generating power supplied to private customers will be charged at the rate set for captive power producers.

Accordingly, in May 2019, the Company's gas suppliers, Titas Gas Transmission & Distribution Company Limited and Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Limited, have claimed additional charges amounting to BDT 1,776,734,152.53 (for the period January 2018 to June 2020) and BDT 491,063,484 (for the period May 2018 to June 2019) respectively.

The Company has filed two separate writ petitions, dated 23 May 2019 and 1 July 2019, with the Honorable High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Bangladesh against the above decision. The Honorable High Court issued a stay order of 4 months, dated 26 May 2019 and 4 July 2019, respectively, on the operation of this decision.

#### 48 Bank facilities

The Group enjoys the following credit facilities from the following financial institutions:

#### 30 September

# United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd

		Loan against		
	Letter of	Trust Receipt -		Bank guarantee
Name of the bank	credit - limit	limit	Overdraft limit	facilities - limit
Dutch Bangla Bank Limited	100,000,000	2	≦	-
Dhaka Bank Limited	350,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000	221,109,646
Jamuna Bank Limited	1,000,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	300,000,000
Total	1,450,000,000	550,000,000	350,000,000	521,109,646

United Energy Ltd		l attac es	Loan against Trust Receipt -		Bank guarantee
		Letter of credit - limit			facilities - limi
Name of the bank  Dhaka Bank Limited		50,000,000		-	133,160,00
		100,000,000		-	100,100,00
Dutch Bangla Bank Limited Pubali Bank Limited		600,000,000		1,500,000,000	1,000,000,00
Jamuna Bank Limited		1,000,000,000		1,000,000,000	300,000,00
Total		1,750,000,000	250,000,000	1,500,000,000	1,433,160,00
Total		1,100,000,000	200(000)000		
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd			Loan against		
		Letter of			Bank guarantee
			limit		facilities - limit
Name of the bank		credit - limit 100,000,000	ininc	mine	lacilities - illilit
Dutch Bangla Bank Limited					667,472,35
Dhaka Bank Limited		500,000,000			667,472,35
Total		600,000,000	-		007,472,55
Leviathan Global BD Ltd					
	1 -44	Loan against	Overdroft	Bank quarantee	
on the same	Letter of	Trust Receipt -	Overdraft	Bank guarantee facilities - limit	Term Loai
Name of the bank	credit - limit	limit	limit	racilities - limit	Term Loa
Dhaka Bank Limited	670,000,000	-	-	( <b></b>	
HSBC	1,335,000,000	**	-	-	950,000,000
Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd.	2,005,000,000		_		950,000,000
Total	2,005,000,000				550,000,000
United Anwara Power Limited					
		Loan against		Bank augrantas	
	Letter of	Trust Receipt -	01 17	Bank guarantee	Torm Loor
Name of the bank	credit - limit	limit	Short Term Loan	facilities - limit	Term Loar
Standard Chartered Bank Ltd.	11,620,000,000	-	050 000 000	-	
HSBC	3,400,000,000		250,000,000	463,150,000	
Dhaka Bank Limited	1,418,000,000	500,000,000	4 000 000 000		
Pubali Bank Ltd.	2,700,000,000	500,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,676,000,000	
City Bank Ltd	6,000,000,000		3,600,000,000		
Bank Asia Ltd.	2,125,000,000		1,500,000,000		
Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd.	: <del>-</del>		500,000,000		
Eastern Bank Ltd.	G <del>€</del>		1,500,000,000		
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	2,000,000,000	-		5	050 000 000
UCBL	2,000,000,000	500 000 000	500,000,000	0.420.450.000	950,000,000 950,000,000
Total	31,263,000,000	500,000,000	8,850,000,000	2,139,150,000	950,000,000
United Jamalpur Power Limited					
	Letter of		Overdraft	Bank guarantee	
Name of the book	credit - limit	Short Term Loan	limit	facilities - limit	Long Term Loar
Name of the bank	1,215,000,000	500,000,000.00	-	280,000,000.00	
Dhaka Bank Limited	20,000,000	250,000,000	-		
HSBC Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd	1,300,000,000	750,000,000	-		
Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd.		750,000,000			2,000,000,000
The City Bank Ltd.	3,500,000,000				2,000,000,000
Bank Asia Ltd.	2,125,000,000 2.100,000,000	1.000.000.000			
Eastern Bank Ltd. Total	10,260,000,000	2,500,000,000	-	280,000,000	2,000,000,000
i otai		2,000,000		deglesser €05ettisses€ etgelster	
Expenditure in equivalent foreigr	currency				
Expenditure in equivalent foreigr <i>In Taka</i>	n currency		3	September 2020	30 June 2020

#### 50 Other disclosures

# 50.1 Capacity and production

United Power Generation & Distribu	tion Company Ltd	30 Septem	ber 2020	30 Septen	nber 2019
	Installed	Actual	Capacity	Actual	Capacity
Location of plant	capacity	production	utilisation	production	utilisation
	(MWH)	· (MWH)	(%)	(MWH)	(%)
Dhaka EPZ	172,000	131,579	76%	133,306	78%
Chattogram EPZ	144,000	129,984	90%	130,480	91%
Total	316,000	261,563	1007	263,786	
United Energy Ltd		20 Contor	hor 2020	30 Septen	abor 2019
	To a table of	30 Septem		Actual	Capacity
	Installed	Actual	Capacity		utilisation
Location of plant	capacity	production	utilisation	production	(%)
	(MWH)	(MWH)	(%) 83%	(MWH) 50,676	90%
Sylhet	56,000	46,753		50,070	0%
Ashuganj	106,000	46,753	0%	50,676	070
Total	162,000	46,753		30,070	
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd		30 Septem	ber 2020	30 Septen	
	Installed	Actual	Capacity	Actual	Capacity
Location of plant	capacity	production	utilisation	production	utilisation
	(MWH)	(MWH)	(%)	(MWH)	(%)
Ashuganj	390,000	38,468	10%	137,361	35%
United Anwara Power Ltd		30 Septem	ber 2020	30 Septen	nber 2019
	Installed	Actual	Capacity	Actual	Capacity
Location of plant	capacity	production	utilisation	production	utilisation
Location of plant	(MWH)	(MWH)	(%)	(MWH)	(%)
Anwara	600,000	534,233	89%	266,825	44%
United Jamalpur Power Ltd		30 Septem	ber 2020	30 Septen	nber 2019
	Installed	Actual	Capacity	Actual	Capacity
Location of plant	capacity	production	utilisation	production	utilisation
TO THE PARTY OF TH	(MWH)	· (MWH)	(%)	(MWH)	(%)
Jamalpur	230,000	153,618	67%	210,419	91%

# 50.2 Number of employees

The Group has no employees. Operation and maintenance activities are managed by 194 personnel for UPGDCL, 101 personnel for UAEL and 44 personnel for UEL, provided by United Engineering and Power Services Ltd under separate O&M contracts.

# 51 Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

The Board of Directors of the Company, resolved in its 94th meeting to acquire 99% shares of United Anowara Power Limited (UAnPL) and United Anowara Power Limited (UAnPL) from Sponsor Shareholders at Net Asset Value based on audited Financial Statements as at 30 June 2020 effective from 1 July 2020. Subsiquently General hareholders approved the acquisition scheme in the EGM held on 28 October 2020.

In accordance with IAS 10: Events after the Reporting Period, the proposed final dividend is not recognised in the statement of financial position.

Following the declaration of COVID-19 as a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) in early March 2020, like many other governments, the Government of Bangladesh introduced restrictive measures to contain further spread of the virus, affecting free movement of people and goods. These measures included imposing nationwide general holidays from 26 March until 30 June 2020. Though demand of BEPZA fell in April 2020 only, BPDB and REB bought low price electricity from UPGDCL as UPGDCL electricity price is lower for them. On the other hand. United Ashuganj Energy Limited (UAEL) the demand for electricity by BPDB decrease during these restrictions, given that a large portion of the Company's revenue is capacity payment and the fuel payment is a pass-through, UAEL revenue and gross profit was not significantly impacted. So, there was is no material impact of ("COVID-19") during the reporting period as well as after the reporting period.

There are no other events identified after the date of the statement of financial position which require adjustment or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

# 52 Going concern

The Group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the management continues to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. The current resources of the Group provide sufficient fund to meet the present requirements of its existing business.

#### 53 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except inventories which is measured at lower of cost and net realisable value on each reporting date.

# 54 Significant accounting policies

The Group has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements, except if mentioned otherwise (see also Note 4.2).

Set out below is an index of the significant accounting policies, the details of which are available on the current and following pages:

- A Basis of consolidated financial statements
- B Property, plant and equipment
- C Inventories
- D Financial instruments
- E Impairment
- F Revenue
- G Provisions
- H Contingencies
- I Foreign currency
- J Income tax
- K Employee benefits
- L Statement of cash flows
- M Finance income and finance expenses
- N Share capital
- O Earnings per share
- P Dividends
- Q Leases

#### A Basis of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated financial position and the consolidated results of operation of United Power Generation and Distribution Company Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries United Energy Ltd., United Ashuganj Energy Ltd., Leviathan Global BD Ltd., United Anwara Power Limited, United Jamalpur Power Limited (collectively referred to as the 'Group').

Subsidiary is an enterprise controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account. The results of operations and total assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line by-line basis and the interest of non-controlling shareholders, if any, in results and net assets of the subsidiary are stated separately. The financial statements of the subsidiary are included in consolidated financial statement of the Group from the date of control achieved until the date of control ceased. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS)- 27 "Separate Financial Statements" and International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS)- 10: "Consolidated Financial Statements".

Name of subsidiaries	% of controlling interest	% of non- controlling interest
United Energy Ltd	99	1
United Ashuganj Energy Ltd	91.49	8.51
Leviathan Global BD Ltd.	75	25
United Anwara Power Limited	99	1
United Jamalpur Power Limited	99	1

United Power Generation & Distribution Company Ltd. (UPGDCL) hold 99% Shares in each of United Energy Ltd. (UEL), United Anwara Power Ltd. (UAnPL) United Jamalpur Power Ltd. (UJPL) and 75% Shares in Leviathan Global BD Ltd. (LGBD). Morover UEL hold 92.41% Shares of United Ashuganj Energy Ltd. (UAEL) which is effectively owned by UPGDCL of 91.49% Shares in UAEL.

The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group. Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

# ii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees (that means in any company wherein UPGDCL has made investments, if any) are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment. However, on 31 December 2019, there are no such investments.

#### B Property, plant and equipment

# Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, import duties and non-refundable taxes, after deducting trade discount and rebates, and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

#### Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

#### Depreciation

i) Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. All property, plant and equipment have been depreciated on straight line method.

ii) In respect of addition to fixed assets, full depreciation is charged in the month of addition irrespective of date of purchase in that month and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal/retirement. Residual value is estimated to be zero for all assets.

The rates of depreciation vary according to the estimated useful lives of the items of all property, plant and equipment.

0/0

Considering the estimated useful life of the assets, the rates of depreciation are as follows:

70
3.33 - 8.33
2 - 8.33
3.33 - 8.33
10 - 15
10
10

#### Retirements and disposals

An asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal. Gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised as gain or loss from disposal of asset in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### **C** Inventories

Inventories consisting mainly of spare parts, lube oil and chemicals are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any further costs expected to be incurred to make the sale. Costs of inventories include expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. Cost of inventories is determined by using weighted average cost method.

When inventories are consumed, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### D Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### i. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

# ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

#### Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; FVOCI – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both the following conditions and is not designated at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both the following conditions and is not designated at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

# Financial assets - Business model assessment:

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;

- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management; the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

# Assessment whether contractual cash flows are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI)

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract.

Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

# Financial assets - Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.
Debt investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and receivable from related parties.

#### (a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash balances and all cash deposits with maturities of three months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

### (b) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### iii. Financial liability

All financial liabilities are recognised initially on the transaction date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the liability.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired.

Financial liabilities include trade and other payables, related party payables, borrowings, accrued expenses etc.

# (a) Trade and other payables

The Group recognises trade and related party payables when its contractual obligations arising from past events are certain and the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the entity of resources embodying economic benefits.

(b) Loans and borrowings

Principal amounts of the loans and borrowings are stated at their amortised amount. Borrowings repayable after twelve months from reporting date are classified as non-current liabilities whereas the portion of borrowings repayable within twelve months from reporting date, unpaid interest and other charges are classified as current liabilities.

(c) Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses represent various operating expenses that are due at the reporting date which are initially measured at fair value.

#### **E** Impairment

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. Financial assets are impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

#### Non financial assets

An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The Group assesses yearly whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount by recognising an impairment loss, if and only the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. Impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### F Revenue

Revenue is recognised, upon supply of electricity, quantum of which is determined by survey of meter reading. It excludes value added tax and other government levies, on the basis of net units of energy generated and transmitted to the authorised customer's transmission systems and invoiced on a monthly basis upon transmission to the customers. Revenue is valued using rates in effect when service is provided to customers.

#### G Provisions

A provision is recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

#### **H** Contingencies

Contingencies arising from claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

#### (i) Contingent liability

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent liability should not be recognised in the financial statements, but may require disclosure. A provision should be recognised in the period in which the recognition criteria of provision have been met.

# (ii) Contingent asset

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

A contingent asset must not be recognised. Only when the realisation of the related economic benefits is virtually certain should recognition take place provided that it can be measured reliably because, at that point, the asset is no longer contingent.

#### I Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into BDT/Taka at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.

Foreign currency denominated non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

# J Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Power generation companies in the Group are given tax exemptions for certain years beginning with the month of Commercial Date of Operation ("COD"). The summary of tax exemptions for the power plants operated in the Group are as below:

Entity	Plant	Tax provision status	Period	Expiry
	86 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on all income	15 years	2023
UPGDCL	DEPZ			
UPGDGL	72 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on all income	15 years	2024
	CEPZ			
	53 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on business income	8 years	2019
UEL	Ashuganj			
UEL	28 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on business income	15 years	2028
	Sylhet			
UAEL	195 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on business income	15 years	2030
	Ashuganj	946		
UAnPL	300 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on business income	15 years	2034
	Anwara	9 <del>0</del> 0		
UJPL	115 MW			
	plant at	Tax exemption on business income	15 years	2034
	Jamalpur			

# (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting data.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

As of 30 September 2020, the Company's power plant operated under tax exemption regime. It has examined the precedent of tax assessment completed of a power generation company for the year when its tax exemption ended, which shows accounting depreciation charge to be equal to the tax depreciation charge, implying that there were no temporary differences between accounting net book value and tax written down value of property, plant and equipment at that point in time. On this basis, in the preparation of these financial statements, the Company has not considered any deferred tax relating to property, plant and equipment as the Company is still under tax exemption as at the reporting date.

#### K Employee benefits

### Workers profit participation fund (WPPF)

The government of Bangladesh has made an amendment to the Labour Law 2006 in July 2013. As per amended section-232 (chha) of the Act, any undertaking carrying on business to earn profit is liable to make provision for WPPF at 5% of the net profit and it also needs to be distributed within 9 months of the statement of financial position date. Operation and maintenance (O&M) activities of the Group are managed by employees of United Engineering and Power Services Limited under an O&M contract. Therefore, the provision of WPPF is not applicable for the Group.

#### L Statement of cash flows

Statement of cash flows has been prepared in accordance with the IAS 7: Statement of cash flows under the direct method.

#### M Finance income and finance expenses

Finance income comprises interest on financial deposits with banks and loans made to related parties. Finance income is recognised on an accrual basis and shown under statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The Group's finance cost includes interest expense which is recognised at amortised cost.

#### N Share capital

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity. Income tax relating to transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for in accordance with IAS 12.

#### Earnings per share

The Company represents earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

#### P Dividends

Final dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders at the annual general meeting, while interim dividend distributions are recognised in the period in which the dividends are declared and paid.

#### Q Leases

The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4.

# Policy applicable from 1 July 2019

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company uses the definition of a lease in IFRS 16. This policy is applied to contracts entered into, on or after 1 July 2019.

#### i) The Company as a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Groups incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- i. fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- ii. variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- iii. amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- iv. the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised insubstance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is re-measured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### ii) The Company as a lessor

At inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand alone prices.

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the Group applies IFRS 15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight line basis over the lease term as part of 'capacity revenue'.

Generally, the accounting policies applicable to the Group as a lessor in the comparative period were not different from IFRS 16 except for the classification of the sub-lease entered into during current reporting period that resulted in a finance lease classification.

# Policy applicable before 1 July 2019

For contracts entered into before 1 July 2019, the Company determined whether the arrangement was or contained a lease based on the assessment of whether:

- fulfilment of the arrangement was dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets; and
- ii. the arrangement had conveyed a right to use the asset. An arrangement conveyed the right to use the asset if one of the following was met:
- iii. the purchaser had the ability or right to operate the asset while obtaining or controlling more than an insignificant amount of the;
- iv. the purchaser had the ability or right to control physical access to the asset while obtaining or controlling more than an insignificant amount of the output; or
- iv. facts and circumstances indicated that it was remote that other parties would take more than an insignificant amount of the output, and the price per unit was neither fixed per unit of output nor equal to the current market price per unit of output.

#### i) The Company as a lessee

In comparative period, as a lessee the Company classified leases that transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership as finance leases. When this was the case, the leased assets were measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments were the payments over the lease term that the lessee was required to make, excluding any contingent rent. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets were accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Assets held under other leases were classified as operating leases and were not recognised in the Company's statement of financial position. Payments made under operating leases were recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received were recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

#### ii) The Company as a lessor

A lease is an agreement whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee, in return for a payment or series of payments, the right to use an asset for an agreed period of time.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risk and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Under an operating lease, the asset is included in the statement of financial position as property and equipment. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis. This implies the recognition of deferred income when the contractual day rates are not constant during the initial term of the lease contract.

# 55 Name of auditors of the Group companies

Name of subsidiary	Status	Name of auditors
United Energy Ltd	Subsidiary	Hussain Farhad & Co.
United Ashugani Energy Ltd	Subsidiary	Rahman Rahman Huq
Leviathan Global BD Ltd.	Subsidiary	Hussain Farhad & Co.
United Anwara Power Limited	Subsidiary	ARTISAN
United Jamalour Power Limited	Subsidiary	ARTISAN

# 56 Standards issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2020 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Company has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

Effective for year beginning 1 January 2020	Amendments to references to conceptual framework in IFRS standards     Amendments to IFRS 3: Business Combinations of definition of business     Amendments to IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors of definition of material.
Effective for year beginning 1 January	IFRS 17: Insurance Contracts
Effective date	<ul> <li>Amendments to IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures on sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture</li> </ul>

Management does not expect that the adoption of the above new and amended standards and the interpretation to a standard will have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.